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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXVI.

ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 26, 1893.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

ONLY FOR BONDS.

Will the Wall Street Sharks Turn Loose
— Their Gold.

NEW ENGLAND AND THE WEST
Come to the Rescue of the Govern-
ment, but Wall Street Holds Off.

THE DAY AT THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

A Georgian Appointed—Others Who
Haven't Been Will Have a Good
While to Wait.

Washington, April 25.—(Special.)—The
outward movement of gold continues. To-
day \$3,200,000 went out, of which \$2,400,000
was drawn from the treasury today, the
rest having been taken out last Fri-
day and Saturday. But for the offerings of
the Boston and western banks the gold re-
serve would be depleted over two millions
of dollars. These banks advanced \$6,000,000
of \$5,000,000 of it from Boston, so that
the reserve remains intact with about
four millions of free gold.

It is now evident that admitted that the
country was dangerously near a financial
panic last week. The payment of treasury
notes in silver would have been the signal.
The continued payment of them in gold
and President Cleveland's emphatic state-
ment published yesterday morning that their
payment in gold would be continued, have
served to relieve the tension and have, in a
large measure, restored public confidence,
though the money market remains stiff
and all danger is not averted.

Conferences have been held between Sub-
treasurer Jordan and the presidents of
the national banks of New York. Secretary
Carlisle is very anxious to have them
come to the relief of the treasury as the
Boston and western banks have done—that
is, turn their gold into the treasury and
take greenbacks for it. This they did to a
limited extent last February.

They declare that they cannot do so
now. They insist that the government
shall issue fifty millions of bonds for a
specific period, so as to make them market-
able and that half of them shall be placed
in Europe so as to fetch back some of the
gold shipped from this country; the New
York banks would take the other half. It
is believed by them that this step would
tide the government over until the season
of exports begins again and the balance of
trade turns in its favor.

The New York banks made a proposition
to Secretary Carlisle which was rejected;
then he made one to the banks which they
rejected. The banks then made a counter
proposition, which was considered at the
cabinet meeting today and declined. The
secretary declines to state the precise na-
ture of these various propositions, but the
banks stand pat on their demands for
marketable bonds. Another point urged
is the knowledge that the administration
is not implacably opposed to a bond issue.
It is, however, improbable that bonds will
be issued, save as a last resort to maintain
all classes of government obligations at par.

It Takes Money and Lots of It.
Postmaster General Bissell and his as-
sistants are struggling with the usual
problem how to get through the fiscal year
with the growing demands of the postal
service on the meager appropriations made
by congress. The biggest appropriation,
outside of the salaries of postmasters, which
are fixed by law, is that for clerks in
postoffices, and the strain to meet the
demand from the 65,000 postoffices of the
country is something enormous. The in-
crease in the appropriation this year over
last was \$500,000, but applications for as-
sistance aggregating \$2,000,000 were on
file at the department when the year began.
Chicago alone asked for half the increased
appropriation and New York, Philadelphia
and Baltimore were not far behind her.
The increase for the next fiscal year in
this appropriation appears on its face to be
\$500,000, but \$500,000 is knocked out of
this to pay for canceling machines, for
which a separate appropriation was asked.
The allowance for the third-class offices
has also been increased \$20,000 and now
stands at \$620,000. These increases of
about 3 per cent are only half the average
increase of the postal business of the
country, which of late years has been
nearly double that of the population. Mr.
Albert H. Scott, who has charge of these
allowances for office expenses, has only suc-
ceeded in making absolutely essential grants
for the remaining few months of the pres-
ent fiscal year by canceling contracts for
rental and moving the postoffices as rapidly
as possible into new government buildings.
The appropriation for the free delivery
service has been increased \$500,000 each
of the past two years, which is a little less
than 5 per cent, the last appropriation be-
ing \$11,254,900. This appropriation is
likely to prove inadequate for a proper
service, because of the great increase of
expenses caused by the carrying of eight-hour
law and the recent decision of the supreme
court as to the interpretation of the law.

Quiet on the Potomac.
Mr. Cleveland gave the plum tree a good
shaking today, but only one plum fell into
a Georgia mouth, a sort of sop to Cerberus.
Until Mr. Cleveland returns it will be all
quiet along the Potomac, as far as office
seekers are concerned.

J. C. Sanders was made alternate commis-
sioner on the world's fair commission and
when it was posted at the white house, many
of the Georgia boys turned away sorrow-
fully; not that they wanted Sanders's place,
but each had hoped that his own appoint-
ment would be made today. It had been gen-
erally understood that Mr. Cleveland would
appoint himself to postoffice and consular ap-
pointments, and spent Monday and Tuesday
locked in the white house, making them out,
it was thought.

Alex Lawton, Jr., of Savannah, was the
only arrival from Georgia today and he is
not looking for a "snap" but is here on legal
business. The only Georgian to get out a pat-
ent this week was Samuel L. Lazoron, of
Savannah. He wishes to protect a combined
pen and pencil holder, the product of his
own brain.

Seth Shepard's Career.
Seth Shepard, the Texas lawyer who was
appointed one of the associate justices of the
new court of appeals of this district, has
dabbled in politics more or less ever since
he arrived at the voting age. As a political
race horse, however, he belongs to the class
which always run just fast enough to come in
second. He did serve one term as state sen-

ator, getting the seat under peculiar circum-
stances. He was then living at Brenham,
Washington county, which before the war
had been the richest county in Texas. After
the war it had a heavy republican or ne-
gro (the two words are practically synony-
mous in Texas as in Georgia) majority. The
candidates for the senate were Shepard, a
democrat, and Matt Gaines, republican, a
small and very black negro—the kind known
in the Texas vernacular of that time as "a
little bull-headed nigger." Gaines was
elected. Shepard resigned. There was no
doubt as to the way the election had gone,
but Gaines was charged with bigamy. It
seems that he had a wife in the days of
slavery and after the war had married
another woman. This was construed into
bigamy by the state senate. Gaines was pro-
nounced ineligible, and, instead of ordering
a new election, the senate gave the seat to
Shepard. Shepard was afterward nominated
for congress, but was beaten by old Wash
Jones, a greenbacker.

A Michigan Story.
A case "somewhat similar but different,"
arose in Michigan after the election of 1890,
when the state went democratic for the first
time in many years. The state senate re-
mained republican by reason of the holdovers,
standing eighteen republicans to four-
teen democrats. The latter had the lieutenant
governor, the presiding officer. One day the
republicans attended the races in a body.

When the republicans found in what man-
ner their temporary absence had been taken
advantage of, they were wild with wrath,
but as the presiding officer was against them
they could do nothing but swear. One of
the men seated by the democrats was an
old fellow by the name of Fridlander, from
the upper peninsula. The republicans had
his record looked up and found that some
thirty or forty years before he had lived with
an Indian woman, a squaw. Later, as they
discovered, he had married a white woman.
That was enough. The republicans laid
their plans to have him arrested for bigamy
one morning just as the senate was about
to meet, and then while he was absent by
compulsion they proposed to rescind their
men and re-elect their officers.

In some way old Fridlander learned that
trouble was going to be made over his In-
dian "wife," and he went to a democratic
lawyer and laid the case before him for ad-
vice. The lawyer looked into and said:
"This case doesn't amount to anything.
Why should this squaw, after keeping quiet
so many years, now try to give the old man
trouble? Evidently there is something back
of this which does not appear on the sur-
face."

He sent for the democratic leaders in the
senate and laid the case and his suspicions
before them. After a good deal of speculation
they hit on the idea that it was a republican
trick to give them a majority so that they
could undo the work of the democrats ac-
complished in their absence. How to block
the game was then the question. They hit on
the device of having the old man arrested
by a democratic officer on some trumped up
charge, because so long as he was under ar-
rest by one officer of the law he could not
be taken out of his custody by another of-
ficer.

This plan was put in operation and Frid-
lander was kept in friendly custody until
the next day, when the republicans were
foiled and the democrats retained their con-
stitutional majority. And Fridlander was
never arrested for bigamy.

Secretary Carlisle's Proposition.
New York, April 25.—Today was con-
sidered an off day by the treasury offi-
cials in this city, as no gold was engaged
for export and there was less fuss and hur-
ry observable. Briefly stated, the propo-
sition to the New York banks yesterday
was understood to have been this: The treas-
ury to know whether they would lend the
government \$50,000,000 gold for one year,
from May 1st, the loan to be secured by
ten-year government 3 per cent bonds, to
be issued at 117-1/2, which would be equiva-
lent to a 3 per cent bond. The terms of
this proposition were that the bonds were
to be placed in the treasury with the secre-
tary of the treasury or the subtreasury and
as the banks turned in the gold, certificates
were to be issued to them at par. At the
end of the year the government was to have
the option of paying for the gold with 3
per cent interest. If the government could
not pay the loan in gold at the end of the
year, the banks were to surrender their
certificates and take the amount of bonds
to which they were entitled at 117-1/2.

The answer of the banks was that their
gold was held in their reserve required by
law and that if surrendered for bonds, which
were not current money, it would be
lost. The banks also stated that they would
mean that they would have to call in
loans to an equal amount. The result
would be a very stringent money market
and perhaps panic. What the bankers
are willing to do, although they have not
made the direct offer, is: They will turn
over \$50,000,000 in gold to the treasury.
If it will issue in exchange certificates or
notes bearing 2-1/2 per cent interest, which
can be used as money. The certificates
should be the same as the old clearing
house certificates issued against collateral,
which in this instance, would be gold.

Departure of Old Liberty Bell.
Philadelphia, April 25.—The train bearing
the Liberty bell left Broad street station of
the Pennsylvania road at 10:30 o'clock this
morning for Chicago. A party of fifty were
on the train, which consisted of the bell car,
combination car, three sleeping cars and a
baggage car. The municipal officials will return in
two weeks.

One of the Commissioners Is Sick.
Paris, April 25.—Owing to the illness of
Lord James Hannan, one of the British mem-
bers of the Behring sea tribunal of arbitration,
the tribunal has adjourned for one week.

A BEAUTIFUL SIGHT

Was That in New York Harbor Yes-
terday

WHEN THE WAR VESSELS ARRIVED

With Admiral Gherardi's Flagship
Leading Them.

RUSSIA'S FLAGSHIP AWAITED THEM

At Another Of Quarantine—And It Was
Saluted by the Vessels as They
Came Up.

Quarantine, N. Y., April 25.—Promptly
on time with every detail carried out with
marvelous exactness, the combined naval
fleet of the old and new world took posses-
sion of the lower bay of New York harbor
this afternoon. Shortly before 10 o'clock the
outlook from the navy's nest, of the vicious
double-turreted monitor, Miantanah

which was lying anchored midway between
Sandy Hook point and the Scotland light
ship, signaled the fleet in sight.

A special tug, with the Associated Press
flag at her fore, promptly put out to sea
and through the gathering haze and driz-
zling rain, sighted the fleet moving along at
the rate of fully ten knots an hour in double
column, with a perfect alignment, the dis-
tance accurately marked 300 yards between
each ship, 600 yards between each squadron
—a stately and majestic sight.

The big white flagship of Admiral Gher-
ardi, the Philadelphia, headed the port
column, the huge black British cruiser Blake,
Admiral Hopkins, the flagship Newark,
Admiral Benham, followed by the Atlanta,
San Francisco, Bancroft, Bennington and
Baltimore. Then the flagship Chicago, Ad-
miral Walker, followed by the Yorktown,
Charleston, Vesuvius and Concord. After
them, bringing up the rear of the column,
were the Spanish cruiser, Yungue, the Ger-
man cruiser Kaiser, Augustus and Sec-
adler. The Blake was followed on the star-
board column by the British squadron, the
Australian, the Magicienne and Tartar, and
by the Russian vessels, General, Admiral
and Hynda.

The Russian Flagship.
The belated flagship of the Russian squad-
ron, the Dmitri Donskoi, with the Rus-
sian Admiral Kozmoff on board, awaited
them off quarantine.

Next came the Italian vessels Aetna and
Bausan, and the Brazilian squadron, Abiudabali, Tiradentes and Republica.
As the Philadelphia in the lead nears
the Sandy Hook light at 10:30 o'clock, the
fog whistle of the lights gave a series
of welcomes to its arrival, but the big
white flagship swung round in majestic sil-
ence and crossing the bar and entering Gen-
dey's channel set the pace at a good
ten and a half knots an hour, the Newark
following close in her wake, and the At-
lanta the regulation distance behind. Once
fairly in the channel, the Philadelphia sig-
naled the fleet to proceed without refer-
ence to formation. The vessels of the star-
board column slowed down and allowed the
American fleet to round the lightsight
ship. Then the Blake and the other crit-
ters followed, safely crossing the bar be-
fore flood tide, 3:37 o'clock p. m., the
squadrons of each column alternating un-
til all had safely rounded and entered the
channel, then the big guns of the Miantanah
saluted a welcome, but the hook
was passed in silence. The leading ves-
sels of the fleet turned to the southwest
about 2:45 o'clock and entered the main
ship channel.

It was still raining, but the weather was
not sufficiently bad to impair the movements
of the ships. The Philadelphia slackened
speed to about eight knots, so as to allow
the other vessels to catch up and the entire
fleet proceeded in single file and in silence
up the bay to the anchoring grounds, which
Captain Rogers and his aides had selected.
Despite the obscurity of the weather, the
procession was exceedingly beautiful.

Saluting Each Other.
Gravesend Bay was reached at 3:30
o'clock and the Philadelphia opened the
salute by firing fifteen guns in honor of
the Russian admiral and his flagship, the
Dmitri Donskoi. The leading Russian
vessel on board the Philadelphia paying the
Russian national air. The Russian promptly
acknowledged the salute.

At 3:30 o'clock the Philadelphia fired
one gun as a signal to come to anchor and
the Newark passed the signal to the other
vessels of the squadron, which instantly
were to.

A fleet of guard boats under Captain
Rogers, kept the anchorage ground clear,
while numberless yachts and tugboats and
the relief of Senators Gibson and Butler,
Representatives Geseheimer, Wadsworth,
Outwaite and others, who happened to be
on the ship.

Arrival of the Caravels.
The Spanish caravels passed into the
Hudson river at 11 o'clock, having been
saluted from the different forts as they
passed in. The Dolphin, with Secretary

Herbert, steamed by the caravels as they
entered the river and saluted as she pass-
ed.

The Presidential Party.
Washington, April 25.—The president
and party will leave here tomorrow after-
noon for New York to attend the naval
review. The party will leave New York
for Chicago next Friday at noon to attend
the opening of the Columbian exposition.
Returning to Washington the train will
leave Chicago at 6 o'clock p. m., Monday,
and is due in Washington at 1 o'clock
Tuesday afternoon.

Message from the Atlanta.
Richmond, Va., April 25.—Two carrier
pigeons belonging to George T. King, this
city, arrived here this morning at 7
o'clock, having been liberated at sea last
evening with messages from the United
States cruiser Atlanta. One message
reads as follows:

"The combined fleets are standing out to
sea in two columns, accompanied by pas-
senger steamers and yachts. The birds are
all well. This message goes by the
last of the Richmond birds from United
States steamer Atlanta. Wind east,
weather clear."

Off for the Review.
Washington, April 25.—President Cleveland
will be absent from Washington six days in
connection with the ceremonies attending the
naval review in New York and opening of the
world's Columbian exposition in Chicago.

CATHOLIC CENTENAL CELEBRATION.

Distinguished Prelates of the Church in New
Orleans.

New Orleans, April 25.—The centenary
celebration by the Catholics of this sec-
ular in progress today. At sunrise a salute
of fifty guns was fired on the levee. At 9
o'clock the clerical parade left the arch-
bishopric and proceeded to the St. Louis
cathedral, where at 10 o'clock a. m. the
solemn pontifical mass was begun. Ser-
vices were delivered in French by Rev.
Dominique, Father Henry, and in
English by Most Rev. P. J. Ryan, arch-
bishop of Philadelphia. There are a great
many of the clergy present from all sec-
tions of the United States including the
following: Cardinals Gibbons, of Balti-
more; Archbishop Ryan, of New York;
Gallagher, of Cincinnati; Bishop Keane,
of Washington; Kann, of Wheeling; Meer-
schaefer, of Indian Territory; Vandergriff,
of Brownsville; Vandervier, of Richmond;
Gallagher, of Galveston; O'Sullivan, of
Mobile; Heslin, of Natchez, and Nevase,
of San Antonio.

At 2 o'clock the clergy as specially in-
vited guests participated in the oratory
banquet at the Hotel Royal.

IMPRISONED BY ZULUS.

A Train Load of the Savages Lock Up the
Conductor and Trainmen.

Chicago, April 25.—A trainload of Zulus,
bound for the fair, gave the railway crew
a sound of Chicago police. The train was
in progress today. The first heard of
the affair was when Police Lieutenant
Creighton received a telegram saying that
200 savages had imprisoned the trainmen.
A Zulu band of hundreds met the train
at Fifty-first street. They found Conduc-
tor Brown and his brakemen imprisoned in
the baggage car, while two hundred Zulus
had possession of the train. The train was
stopped at Fifty-first street. They found
one of their number had lost some prop-
erty and they were holding the conductor
responsible. Lieutenant Creighton
after an excited search of the baggage car
found the prisoners and the railway
employees. The Zulus were then quickly
transferred to the fair grounds.

WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS

And More Convicts Sent to Tracy City
Mines.

Nashville, Tenn., April 25.—The troops
have been ordered to Tracy City, Tenn.,
reaching this city at 1:30 o'clock p. m. Fifty
convicts were sent from the main prison to
Tracy City mines today and the civil guard
has been increased. The authorities antici-
pate no further trouble.

A Mine Boss Assassinated.

Little Rock, April 25.—Reports received to-
day state that the troubles at the Eureka
copper mine situated near Yopla, Ark., have
been brewing for the past five weeks,
resulting in the assassination of Pit Boss
James H. Smith. The miners are on a
strike there and have been posting notices of
warning to new men against accepting em-
ployment with the mine. These notices have
been disappearing as fast as posted by the
men. The miners suspected a plot of tearing
down the railroad track, so they were walking
down the railroad track, he was shot and
killed. Blood hounds were set on the trail of
the assassins and later in the night two min-
ers were captured and placed in jail.

Brotherhood Men Holding Off.

Owego, Mich., April 25.—General Manager
Ashley's clerical inviting the striking en-
gineers of the Toledo Ann Arbor and Northern
Michigan railroad to apply for positions on
the roads is not meeting with cordial reception
here.

As long as the company keeps employed a
single "scab" engineer," they say, "just so
long no brotherhood man will apply. We
won't work with 'scabs,' and there you have
it."

Grant's "Old Guard."

Philadelphia, April 25.—Stalwart republi-
cans were gathered and crowded and the
bright leaders gathered tonight at a reunion
here of the "old guards," the remnant of
the old guard of the republic. The meeting
was held at the Hotel Marlborough. The
without the shock of thirty-six ballots at
the Chicago convention in 1880, and went
down to Grant's banner floating defiantly
before them triumphant.

Gov. Governor Rowell, of Massachusetts,
was elected president of the guard associa-
tion for the ensuing year.

Mr. Booth's Condition.
New York, April 25.—At 11:30 tonight the
following bulletin was posted at the Players'
club: "Mr. Booth's condition has not changed
materially since this morning, but if anything,
it is improved. He has passed a restless day
and night, but is now sleeping. It was re-
ported that Dr. S. Fremont Smith would
remain with Mr. Booth all night."

Killed While Stealing a Ride.

Nashville, Tenn., April 25.—A special to The
American from Humboldt, Tenn., says that a
known negro man, well supplied with money
was killed by a Nashville and Nashville train
at the depot this morning. He was evidently
stealing a ride and fell from under the car
and was killed instantly.

ROASTED TO DEATH.

Burning of the First Regiment's Armory
in Chicago.

SEVERAL PERSONS LOST THEIR LIVES.

Crowds on the Outside of the Burn-
ing Building

HEARD THEIR FRANTIC APPEALS

But Were Unable to Do Anything for the
Unfortunates—Explosion of the Mag-
azine—Falling of the Walls.

Chicago, April 25.—The magnificent
armory of the First regiment, Illinois Na-
tional Guards, was destroyed by fire this
morning. Two men are known to have
perished in the flames and it is supposed
that six others shared their fate. Two
others were rescued from immediate death
by the heroism of the firemen, but not

by the Boston banks. He took over with
him to the cabinet meeting this morning
a bundle of papers, presumably bearing on
the conference of New York bankers with
Assistant Treasurer Jordan.

In the incomplete condition of that matter,
the secretary did not deem it prudent to ex-
press an opinion.

WILL PROBABLY BE SETTLED.

It Looks as if a Peaceful Solution of the
James City Troubles May Be Reached.
Newbern, N. C., April 25.—(Special.)—
The governor went over to James City
this morning and addressed the people who
received him cordially and listened to him
with earnest attention.

They then appointed a committee of con-
ference which came over and through Coun-
sel J. E. O'Hara opened negotiations with
Mr. Bryan for leases. A proposition to
lease for one year was made by them which
Mr. Bryan would not accept. He then of-
fered to make them three years leases. This
was accepted by their counsel, subject to
the approval of the committee and until
10 o'clock tonight was given to decide the
matter.

If settlement is not reached, then a move-
ment of troops will be made at 9 o'clock to-
morrow morning.

The Matter Settled.
A dispatch received at 11 o'clock p. m.
says Bryan's proposition has been accepted
and the negotiators here last night to
settle the matter amicably. No trouble
is now expected.

BEAT HIM WITH UMBRELLAS.

Emma Juch's Singers Attack Manager Locke's
They Were Due Their Salaries.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 25.—A lively tilt
occurred between the members of the
Auton Seidle and the Emma Juch Con-
cert Company and their manager, Locke,
just as they were leaving the city at an
early hour. The cause was the non-pay-
ment of the salaries due to the artists.
The company appeared here last night to
a small audience, and after the performance
the members went to the union station to
take the Atlantic express for the east.
When Manager Locke appeared there was
a great demand for back salaries. The
singers, male and female, finally became
demonstrative and attacked Mr. Locke
with their umbrellas. He was receiving
rough treatment when the night police of
the station interposed and peace was
patched up by promises to produce when
the next stop was made.

A WILD TRAIN

Goes Dashing Into Another One and Several
Persons Killed.

Somerset, Pa., April 25.—At Wares, a
station four miles from here, where is a
steep grade, the engine of a passenger train
this morning became unmanageable and
went dashing down into another train stand-
ing on the track. On one of the cars were
a large number of workmen, and some of
whom jumped from the runaway train and
escaped with slight injuries. The balance
were crushed in the wreck. How many is
not known. Seven bodies have already been
recovered. The wildest rumors as to the
number of persons killed and injured are
being spread. The police are endeavoring to
ascertain the names of the persons killed,
as many of the persons known to have been
on the train are residents of Somerset or
have relatives living here.

THE BELFAST RIOTS.

More Encounters Between the Orangemen
and Police.

Belfast, April 25.—The rioting in the
streets continued late this afternoon and
early this evening. Repeated encounters
between the Orangemen and police resulted
in twenty arrests. While the police were
taking their prisoners to the station, the
rioters surrounded them twice and tried to
liberate the men but were driven back af-
ter har clubbing. Many rioters were in-
jured. Later the crowd packed Peters Hill
for blocks and refused to budge for the
police, who, after making several fruitless
charges, called for the aid of the military.
Two companies of infantry responded and
cleared the streets with fixed bayonets.
Five of the persons who were arrested for
having been engaged in the riotous scenes
of yesterday were convicted today in the
local court and sentenced to pay fines.

FOOLED THE SHERIFF.

A Bunco Man's Accomplish Gets Him Out of
Prison.

Madison, N. Y., April 25.—It has been
discovered that the "bunco" man, J. H.
Danforth, "Red Austin," the bunco man
who was in prison here for swindling
Farmer Crowley out of \$5,000 a year ago,
has very cleverly buncoed the sheriff and
under sheriff out of their notorious prisoner.
About two weeks ago, a man, who said
he was a Union States marshal, called on
Under Sheriff Goodale, at Newburgh, and
asked for "Austin," who, he said, was
wanted in New York for slippery work.
He wore a shield and had a warrant and
"Austin" was turned over to him. It has
just transpired that the pretended marshal
was an accomplice of the buncoer, and that
the warrant was a forgery.

ANOTHER BROWN PAPER PACKAGE

Is All That Is Left to Tell the Story of an
Express Robbery.

Birmingham, Ala., April 25.—(Special.)—
A Birmingham express robbery has been per-
petrated on the Central Railroad of Georgia.
Several days ago the Central office at
Savannah shipped by Southern express a
package containing \$1,200 in the agency
of this city to pay salaries of its clerks.
When the package was opened it contained
nothing but blank paper. Examination
showed that it had been neatly opened and
rifled.

Nothing has developed to fix the robbery.

THE EXPERIMENT AT RALEIGH.

Only One Candidate for Postmaster Would Go
Into the Franchise.

Raleigh, N. C., April 25.—(Special.)—At
the democratic primaries in this city there
was for the first time an attempt to vote
for a choice for postmaster. The result
is decidedly negative and the plan has
failed.

There are three aspirants

one side. Then he distinctly saw a tall figure in black, which waved a white hand as though to keep him at a distance. He says that on the impulse of the moment he struck at the figure with his fist, punching nothing but empty air. Within two seconds he had a match burning, but no one was visible. He confessed that he was scared, and says the only reason why he did not run was that he could see nothing to flee from.

The reverend gentleman's story corroborates like tales by many other reputable people. The mysterious ghost has been seen many times, always at night, and always robed in black. If the apparition is the work of a practical joker, he has certainly succeeded wonderfully in causing detection, as several parties of young men have been formed to probe the secret. But when they saw the sable-dressed spook they weakened, and before they could prove it was gone. The facts as shown agree. On their explanation rests the peace of mind of the timid people of the town, and on their solution the pluck and sagacity of the skeptical, who so far have made no headway in the solving the mystery over which East Tennessee is wondering.

GOVERNOR TILLMAN CONDEMNED.

Columbia People, in Mass Meeting, Pass Resolutions on the Denmark Lynching.

Columbia, S. C., April 25.—(Special).—An arousing mass meeting was held here tonight to condemn the action of Governor Tillman in sending the negro, John Patterson, who was lynched last night for a crime of which he was probably not guilty, before the federal court at Denmark to have his case adjudicated by Judge Lynch's court.

Many prominent citizens were present and the hall was filled with persons of all classes. Among the speakers was ex-Governor Richardson, who said that he had always believed that the doctrines enunciated by the Tillman administration were of such a character as must eventually lead to the disregard of law. He charged Governor Tillman with recognizing the validity of lynch law and concluded by saying: "God grant that such rulers shall cease to be in South Carolina." (Loud applause.)

Solicitor Jowers said that if he presided over the Denmark circuit he would indict the lynchers and would name B. R. Tillman as accessory before the fact. (Applause.) "And as accessory before the fact," said he, "I am very much mistaken if I did not know that he was more responsible than any of them." (Applause.)

Speeches were also made by Colonel John C. Haskell and W. A. Clark. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

We, the citizens of Columbia, South Carolina, assembled, do adopt the following resolutions:

Resolved, That in the lynching of John Patterson at Denmark, not only has the "peace and dignity of the state" been offended, but a human life has been taken without even satisfactory evidence of his guilt. We, therefore, denounce the act as meriting the unmeasured condemnation of all good citizens.

Resolved, That the said John Patterson, having surrendered himself to the government of the state, pleading for protection, was entitled to have the strong arm of the state resource at the command of the state should. If necessary, have been exhausted, to insure him a trial before the courts of the state; we would, therefore, condemn the action of the governor in surrendering the accused to irresponsible, or at least, incompetent persons to be taken into the presence of an infuriated mob for the purpose of a mock trial, whereby the state has become participants criminals in the murder of its citizens; and we do now, therefore, record this our solemn protest, against all such acts of violence, and in support of the peace of well organized society and subversive of our Christian civilization.

TO INCREASE THEIR PAY.

Postmasters Make False Returns and Are Caught.

Spartanburg, S. C., April 25.—(Special.) Postoffice Inspector William C. Baird, who has his headquarters at Atlanta, has been doing some excellent work in this county.

For some time past there have been irregularities in a number of fourth-class offices in this county and several inspectors have been on the trail but failed in getting sufficient evidence to make out a case.

Mr. Baird made a tour of inspection last week and so thorough was his investigation that it led to the arrest of four postmasters, J. W. Owens, R. J. McElreath, R. C. Wyatt and J. L. Brown. These men are charged with the violation of section 2525 of the United States statute, which makes false returns as to the cancellation of stamps, thereby fraudulently increasing the compensation of their offices. The men had a preliminary examination before United States Commissioner Nick B. Colver, and were bound over for trial at the next term of the United States court.

The apprehension of these men was a very pretty and rare case, and much praise cannot be accorded him for his zeal in bringing these rogues to justice. Mr. Baird is on the track of several other like offenders and will doubtless catch up with them.

YESTERDAY'S APPOINTMENTS.

Several Ministers and Consuls Named by the President.

Washington, April 25.—The following appointments were announced today at the white house:

John F. McKinney, of New Hampshire, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Colombia.

Thomas L. Thompson, of California, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Brazil.

George William Caruth, of Arkansas, to be minister resident and consul general to Portugal.

John W. Wiley, of New York, to be consul at Bordeaux.

Harvey Meyers, of Kentucky, to be commissioner from Kentucky on the world's Columbian commission.

J. C. Sanders, of Georgia, to be alternate commissioner from Georgia on the world's Columbian commission.

Luther F. McKinney, of New Hampshire, appointed minister to Colombia, is a native of Ohio, from which state at the age of eighteen years he enlisted and served as a sergeant. After the war Mr. McKinney studied for the ministry, graduating in New York in 1870. He moved to New York in 1873. He was defeated in congress in 1884, elected in 1886, defeated again in 1888, but was again successful in 1890 and served throughout the fifty-second congress. Mr. McKinney was a candidate on the democratic ticket for governor of his state last year, but was defeated. He was also prominently mentioned for commissioner of pensions.

Thomas L. Thompson, appointed minister

Millions.

Although millions of bottles of

DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS FLAVORING EXTRACTS

are annually manufactured, there are hundreds of housewives who know nothing of their excellence from actual use.

These flavorings are without question the finest and purest of their kind manufactured in the world, and they will eventually be used as a luxury from one end of the country to the other.

to Brazil, was born at Charleston, W. Va., May 31, 1838, went to California in 1855 and started The Petaluma Journal, the first paper established in Sonoma county. In 1860 he purchased The Sonoma Democrat at San Anselmo, now the center of a great fruit and wine producing section. In 1862 Mr. Thompson was elected secretary of state on the ticket with Governor Stoneman and before the expiration of his term of office had to certify to his own election as a member of the fifth congress, being the third in line of his family to serve in that capacity—his grandfather in the seventh, eighth and ninth and his father in the thirteenth. Mr. Thompson was defeated for re-election to congress on the ticket with Mr. Cleveland in 1888 and has since taken an active part in the campaign of education, by which his district and state were converted to tariff reform. He was a member of the Chicago convention and a member of the famous Whitney committee.

George W. Caruth, appointed minister to Portugal, is a prominent lawyer of Little Rock, Ark., where he is also editor and principal owner of The Little Rock Gazette. He was endorsed by both Arkansas senators, the entire delegation in congress from that state, the judges of the state supreme court and many other men prominent in Arkansas.

WEATHER CROP BULLETIN.

Showing the Condition of Crops in the Southern States.

Washington, April 25.—The week ending the 24th has been unusually cold, except in northern Texas and the extreme southern portions of Florida and California. Throughout the central valley, including the greater portion of the cotton region, and spring wheat regions, the temperature has ranged from six to twelve degrees below the normal for the week and more or less damage has been done to the cotton in Arkansas, Tennessee and North Carolina. The cold weather is reported as unfavorable in the cotton region, where, in some sections, replanting of cotton was necessary. There is a scarcity of seed in several of the states. This is the second week of excessive rain over the principal wheat states. Mississippi—Frosts on the 21st and 22d were disastrous to the northern and middle portions. Much replanting is necessary, and a scarcity of seed with reduced acreage. Corn, retarded; wheat, fair.

Louisiana—Weather too cold for cotton, some of which has died out and will require replanting; corn, rice and cane continue promising; good planting, but bad results.

Texas—Cotton planting delayed over the central portion of the state on account of weather. In the eastern and southern portions, where prospects have been improved by showers, wheat and cotton are suffering for rain, except in the Pan Handle, where the prospects are good. Unseasonable rains, however, have cut worms injuring corn; tobacco plants doing nicely; early planted cotton slightly injured. Rice, promising; conditions very unfavorable and all the farm work retarded, crops making no progress.

RATHER ODD.

A Chain of Coincidences in Which a Judge Figures.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 25.—(Special).—An odd chain of coincidences have arisen in the federal court in the case of Reynolds vs. Anna M. Watkins et al. This is the suit brought by certain heirs of Mrs. Reynolds to recover alleged interests in the valuable properties owned on McCallie avenue and Oak street by Mrs. Anna M. Watkins, John H. Peabody and Thomas McDermott.

Judge D. M. Key heard the present suit and decided in favor of the defendants. His decision was appealed and will, in a short time, be heard again before Judge Felt.

But in the coincidental case D. M. Key was a witness to the deed by which the property in litigation was sold by a man named Lewis to Mrs. Anna M. Watkins. Mrs. Key was the chancellor that heard the divorce suit brought by Mrs. Reynolds against Mrs. Reynolds, who, after the marriage, shook the dust of the city of Chattanooga from her feet, and in leaving her husband without notifying him of her intent, took with her about all of the worldly goods he possessed. Reynolds was granted the divorce prayed for. The complainant in the present suit are the children of this woman.

It is somewhat out of the usual course of events for one judge to have so many dealings with one family in so many different suits.

STOCKHOLDERS SUED.

Another Echo of the Bank Troubles in Nashville—The Bank Status.

Nashville, Tenn., April 25.—(Special).—John F. Lyle, attorney at law in this city, Commerce, which failed at the time of the recent flurry, today filed a bill against about two dozen prominent citizens who were stockholders.

The bill alleges that they paid only 60 per cent of the cash and gave the balance; that on January 15, 1891, they caused these notes to be stamped paid; that there was no valuable consideration for this, and that the only pretended consideration was the scaling of the stock held by each.

The ground that the bank was insolvent at the time Mr. Lyle placed the liabilities of the bank at \$75,000, and the assets at \$27,000.

Alabama Sunday School Workers.

Opelika, Ala., April 25.—(Special).—The eleventh session of the Alabama Sunday school convention, embracing every Sunday school in the state of Alabama, convened in the Methodist church in this city tonight at 7:30 o'clock in a three-days session. The convention was formally opened by discharging service, immediately after which Hon. J. Sanford, the silver-tongued orator of Alabama, delivered an able and appropriate and eloquent address, which came in behalf of the city of Opelika. Colonel Sanford was followed in a brief address by Rev. J. Baker in behalf of the churches of the city.

Loss of the Alaska.

San Francisco, April 25.—The American ship, Alaska, which has been looked for as this port for the last few days, and for the entry of which several dispatches have been lying at the bottom of the ocean off Trinidad on the northern California coast. The captain and crew of this ship were rescued on the schooner Metacomb. On the 11th, the Alaska sprung a leak. The boats were lowered and the ship abandoned with the hope of floating her. She sank on the 13th instant. She was owned by Samuel Blair and valued at \$20,000; insurance \$10,000.

One of Her Peculiarities.

St. Louis, April 25.—Mr. William A. H. Lathrop, of the firm of Joseph Lathrop & Co., was today asked about the death of his sister at Jamestown, N. Y., under the assumed name of De la Tour. He said that he knew little about the case. She was not a young woman and the taking of another name was one of her peculiarities. She has not lived in St. Louis for some years past.

Price Caught at Lincoln.

Lincoln, Ga., April 25.—(Special).—Price, who shot Wardlaw at McCormick, S. C., on the 21st instant, and skipped out, was arrested near Leverett, in this county, yesterday. It is reported here that Wardlaw is dead. The arresting parties left immediately with the prisoner for Abbeville, S. C., where he will be placed in jail.

Killed by a Train.

Nashville, Tenn., April 24.—Harry D. Butterfield, aged about twenty years, a printer, and James Hudson, aged seventeen years, both of this city, were run over and instantly killed by the incoming mail train on the Nashville and Nashville road, four miles from this city, tonight at 8:25 o'clock. The coming and outgoing trains were passing a deep cut in the time on double tracks, and it is supposed the boys stepped out of the way and were run over by the train.

Prisoners Sentenced.

Thomsonville, Ga., April 25.—(Special).—Judge Hauser today passed sentence on the prisoners convicted at the term of the superior court. Frank Gardner, man-slayer, got ten years in the penitentiary. Dennis Wallace, malicious mischief, twelve months; Henry Solomons, assault and battery, twelve months on the gang.

Frost in Mississippi.

Jackson, Miss., April 25.—(Special).—The frost Monday night did great damage to the young cotton. A small planter four miles from here had seventy-five acres killed, and is offering 50 cents a bushel for seed. An offering paper estimates that half the acreage planted in the state has been killed or the seed rotted before coming up.

The Meeting Postponed.

Richmond, Va., April 25.—The stockholders' meeting of the Richmond and West Point Terminal company was adjourned today to the secretary until May 25th. No other representative of the company was present.

TO OUR DEAD HEROES

Every Patriotic Atlantian Pays Tribute Today.

GENERAL HOLTZWELD IS HERE.

He Will Speak at the Cemetery—Flowers from All Quarters of the City for the Soldiers' Graves.

Atlanta honors the memory of the lost cause today in right good style.

It will be a long time before the spirit of pride for the heroic deeds of the patriotic Atlantians as the incidents of this day will prove.

Every indication goes to prove that it will be one of the grandest memorial days ever witnessed in Atlanta. There is general interest in it, and the military companies were never more in full sympathy with the movement to have a grand parade than they are today. All the new companies that have been recently formed in the city will be in the parade and the entire Fourth Georgia Battalion will make a fine appearance in the streets.

All members of the city council will ride out to the cemetery in carriages and the officers at the statehouse will likewise also be there in full force. They will all be on the platform where the speaking will take place.

General Holtzweid Arrives.

General Holtzweid of Alabama arrived in Atlanta yesterday to make the regular address of the day at the cemetery today. He was taken in hand by Colonel W. L. Calhoun immediately upon his arrival and taken to the Arlington, where he will be found during his stay in the city.

General Holtzweid will make an excellent address to the people at the graves of the heroes this afternoon and everybody who can ought to go out to hear it. He is a graceful speaker and one with magic eloquence.

General Holtzweid came on the vestibule train from Montgomery, arriving in Atlanta last night at 5 o'clock. He says that he will not make a long speech today, the entire address not lasting more than a half hour. He was one of the most gallant soldiers of the confederate army and did such daring fighting on the field that all of his old soldiers love to tell today of the heroic incidents of his war record so brilliant.

He was a commander of the same division of the army that Colonel Calhoun served in, and the colonel remembers well how he used to keep the yankees agitated. He has been one of the leading lawyers of Alabama ever since the war, having gone back to busy work again after the war ended with a hearty zeal and firm determination.

Make Your Contribution.

Colonel W. L. Calhoun begs to ask the people who visit the cemetery this afternoon not to forget to make a contribution to the fund that is raised every year for the purpose of keeping the graves of the soldiers clean and covered with flowers.

There will be boxes at every corner in the cemetery today for this purpose and it is hoped that the visitors will remember to place whatever they feel able in the boxes for the purpose of keeping the graves of these dead heroes of many battles green forever and aye.

A Perfect World of Flowers.

Mrs. John Milledge, president of the Ladies' Memorial Association, has been as busy as a bee this week looking after the work of getting flowers for the soldiers' graves. She has been assisted by many others, and has received a perfect world of flowers from every quarter of the city.

The graves will be handsomely decorated this afternoon when the crowds reach the cemetery. Not a single little mound of earth but will be bright with the tint of a rose or a violet.

The Full Programme.

Below is given the full programme of the exercises with the latest orders from Colonel Calhoun:

Headquarters Confederate Veterans' Association, Atlanta, April 24, 1893.—Under the direction of the Ladies' Memorial Association, the following order of exercises at the cemetery will be observed on Memorial day.

Aids—Colonel L. P. Thomas, Colonel R. L. Rodgers, Major W. F. Slaton, Colonel A. West, Captain W. L. Calhoun, Captain Cleveland Wilcoxson, Captain G. B. Adair, Lieutenant A. P. Woodward, Lieutenant Clarence H. Mounted Police.

Atlanta Military Band.

Fourth Georgia Battalion—Captain J. Van Holt Nash, Commanding.

City Guards.

Gate City Guards.

Hibernian Rifles.

Battalion of Cadets—Georgia Military Institute—Captain W. W. Lewis, Commanding.

Police Battalion—Captain A. B. Conroy, Commanding.

Knights of Pythias—Captain A. B. Carrier.

Catholic Knights of America.

Ancient Order of Hibernians.

Confederate Veterans' Association—Captain F. T. Ryan, Commanding.

Civic Societies.

Atlanta and Environs.

Governor's Horse Guard.

Mrs. John Milledge, president, and Ladies of the Memorial Association on the south.

Governor, General J. T. Holtzweid, orator of the day; Ministers and Past Commanders of churches, state, county and city officials.

Delegation from Carriages.

Citizens Generally.

The line will start at North Forsyth street, right resting at the junction with Peachtree. All organizations will report on North Forsyth street at 9 o'clock p. m. sharp and take their respective positions as above.

Should there not be room on Forsyth street the line will be extended west along the north side of Marietta street. The procession will move at precisely 9:30.

Line of March.

Peachtree to Marietta, to Broad, to Alabama, to Whitehall, to Hunter, to cemetery. When the veterans reach the cemetery, the procession will halt. The artillery will continue to the hill beyond and at the signal from the commander fire a salute as heretofore.

After the salute the members of the Memorial Association, the governor, orator, ministers, mayor and general council, state, county and city officials will be admitted to the cemetery, the occupants approaching the monument through the south avenue opposite same.

All others will be admitted to the cemetery.

Exercises at the Cemetery.

Opening Prayer by Rev. Dr. G. B. Strickler.

Music.

Address by General J. T. Holtzweid.

Music.

Closing Prayer and benediction by Rev. Dr. T. C. Cleveland, Chaplain of the Association.

Decoration of Graves.

Artilleary Salute.

W. L. CALHOUN, Commander.

All invited to join.

All the confederate veterans of adjoining counties and neighboring towns are cordially invited to join the Fulton County association and march to the cemetery. All members of the latter association are requested to attend.

Luke in Trouble.

Gwin, Ga., April 25.—(Special).—Will Luke, a well-to-do negro farmer of Pike county, is in trouble. One of his hands, a negro boy, left him, and Saturday Luke went to a farmer's, near Locust Grove, where he thought the boy was, and he shot him dead. The farmer called on Sheriff Price Parker to arrest him. Luke fired two shots at the sheriff, which cut a hole through his hat, doing no other damage, and throwing down his pistol ran like a deer for liberty. The sheriff caught him, however, and landed him safely in McDonough jail yesterday. Mr. J. C. Col-

lier, of Barnesville, obtained his release by standing his bond for \$1,000 for his appearance at court.

Business Will Be Closed Up.

The business houses generally have agreed to close up at noon, in order to allow their employees to attend the exercises at the cemetery.

The postoffice, by order of General Lewis, will be open only between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock a. m. The morning mail delivery only will be made.

The city officials will all close at noon, and will be inconspicuous until next day. Mayor Goodwin has issued a call for the members of council to meet at his office at 2:30 o'clock p. m., where carriages will await them, to take them out to the cemetery.

Will Celebrate the Day.

The ladies of the memorial association will celebrate memorial day with unusually interesting ceremonies tomorrow. The addresses will be delivered by Judge Walter C. Beeks, of the superior court, and a great patriotic and literary treat Judge Beeks in honor of his broad thoughts, beautiful language and splendid oratory.

EGAN COMING HOME.

Rebuked by the State Department for His Actions in Chile.

Washington, April 25.—The Chilean incident is closed and Minister Egan is coming home. The state department rebuked him for his action in sheltering the refugees. Egan and Hollick and the Chileans are to be sent home because of his alleged connivance at their escape when instructed to harbor them in the legation no longer. He gave them asylum as political refugees, but was informed by the department that they were not entitled to protection on that ground. When he turned them out in obedience to instructions, Hollick escaped, but Egan was captured by the guard that surrounded the legation.

Mr. Porter, who succeeds Mr. Egan, will start for Santiago May 20th, but Minister Egan, it is said, will not await his arrival, but will start for home in a few days, leaving Consul McCrary in charge of the legation.

THE CAR TOPPLED OVER.

And Crushed Two Laborers to Death—Accident in East St. Louis.

St. Louis, April 25.—Matthew Link, a laborer, was accidentally crushed to death and Samuel Trauma, a fellow laborer, was fatally injured in an accident which happened on the Belt line tracks, a short distance north of East St. Louis this morning. The two unfortunate, with some fellow laborers were unloading a freight car filled with dirt, which was being placed under the tracks to elevate them out of the way of the high water from the river. They emptied one side of the car first, then went around to the other side to complete the job. The car became unbalanced and toppled over upon them with the result given.

BURNED TO A CRISP.

While Cooking Dinner an Alabama Woman Fell in the Fire.

Florence, Ala., April 25.—(Special).—Mrs. Jane Pool, of Cloverdale, Ala., built a fire in the kitchen hearth to cook dinner yesterday and her husband, who is deaf, was patiently waiting in another room for the meal to be announced.

When the hour for dinner had passed he grew impatient and sought his wife. He found her lying in the fireplace burned to a crisp.

She had been subject to epileptic fits and had an attack while cooking the noonday meal.

A SOUTH CAROLINA SHOOTING.

Price Shoots Wardlaw at Abbeville—Captured at Lincoln.

Abbeville, S. C., April 25.—(Special).—News was received today of a shooting affair at McCormick, about fifteen miles south of Abbeville.

J. Price shot David Wardlaw twice through the head, and the doctors say that he cannot live.

The particulars could not be learned. Chief of Police Riley got two telegrams from McCormick, wanting to know if Price had been arrested. Wardlaw is from one of the best families in this county.

MR. AVERILL IN CHARGE.

The Port Royal Has Been Turned Over to Him—Another Road on His Hands.

Augusta, Ga., April 25.—(Special).—Receiver Averill is now in charge of the Port Royal and Augusta railroad. The transfer from the Central authorities took place at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Superintendent Moore refused Colonel Averill's first demand for the road, but after a good deal of quibbling and telegraphing between Augusta and Savannah, the Central authorities decided to turn over the road. Everything is moving along smoothly so far and reports will be made to Receiver Averill here in Augusta. Instead of to the Central officials in Savannah.

This makes Augusta again headquarters for the Port Royal road, and this city as well as Port Royal and the whole line, will be benefited accordingly. It is believed that Receiver Comer of the Central will not make any further fight for control of the Port Royal and Augusta road, but will talk with Receiver Averill tonight. He says his policy will be to work in harmony with all lines here, and not to antagonize any road or any interest. He says there will be no change among employees of the road for the present, at least, and he does not propose to bring any new material unless absolutely necessary.

Colonel Averill will remain in Augusta for some time, and as soon as he has time to look over the road he will make an inventory for the courts to see the physical condition of the property, and after that he will take

up traffic matters looking to the development of the road and of Port Royal.

Another Road on His Hands.

The Port Royal and Western Carolina railroad, like the Port Royal and Augusta, has passed into the hands of a receiver. Colonel H. Averill is receiver of the Port Royal and Augusta, and is also today named as temporary receiver of the Port Royal and Western Carolina road.

Messrs. T. H. and W. K. Miller, attorneys for C. H. Phinizy, and Alfred Baker, trustee of the bond holders of the Port Royal and Western Carolina road, filed an application with Judge Honey, of the superior court, for the issue of an order to foreclose the mortgage, also asking that Colonel J. H. Averill be appointed temporary receiver.

The judge granted the order and directed Receiver Averill to make application to the United States court to place him in possession of the property of the railroad. The hearing for the appointment of a permanent receiver was fixed for June 1st.

It is anticipated that the same trouble to get possession of the Port Royal and Augusta from Receiver Comer of the Central and getting charge of the Port Royal and Western Carolina, but there is no doubt it will finally be decided in favor of the bondholders. The Port Royal and Western Carolina road was formerly the Augusta and Knoxville and runs to Spartanburg, Greenville and Anderson, S. C.

End of the Cleveland Deadlock.

Cleveland, O., April 25.—The municipal deadlock which has existed in this city since Mayor Rice came into power on April 10th, has been broken. For two weeks, the city council refused to confirm the nomination of John Farley, to be director of public works, and the council last night two republicans greatly surprised the democrats by voting with the democrats, thus confirming the nomination of Farley. The board of control is now complete, and business will be transacted in due form.

A Big Sensation Expected.

Florence, Ala., April 25.—(Special).—A female babe, apparently recently born, was found in the Tennessee river in East Florence this morning. Physicians who have examined the child say it was alive when put in the river and that it was born last night. It was tied in a four cornered cloth, wrapped around it were several articles of clothing, from which the officers have a suspicion that it was a sensational arrest within twenty-four hours.

Has Been Granted a Charter.

Indianapolis, April 25.—The new "Unknown" street car company has been incorporated in the sum of \$2,000,000, and at 1 o'clock this afternoon, the city council, at a special meeting, granted the city franchise, which practically covers a period of thirty years.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

General Robert Smith, a Mexican veteran, and who during the late war was brevetted general for bravery, died at Hamilton, Ill., yesterday.

There were eighty-four fourth class postmasters appointed yesterday, of which number sixty-nine were to fill vacancies caused by deaths or resignations.

Mr. Robert Moore, senior member of the firm of Moore, Hyams & Co., of New York, is dead. He was one of the best known and successful financiers in the south.

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TEN PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., April 26, 1893.

Thoughts for Today.

Throughout the fairest region of the republic today the graves of the confederate dead will receive their tribute of sunshine, flowers and tears.

It has been nearly a quarter of a century since a conquered banner was furled at Appomattox, and the flag of the republic waves over a united and a loyal people from the St. Lawrence to the Rio Grande.

But, despite this changed condition of affairs, the people of the late southern confederacy love the memory of their dead heroes, and every year the graves of their valiant defenders are decorated with flowers. Our memorial day is the outcome of genuine patriotism. The people who are true to their neighbors and friends and loyal to their own state are the very ones of all others who will be true to the country in its hour of need.

It is gratifying to see the general observance of this memorable day. It is the proper tribute for a great people to pay to the men who died for their country and their race. The soldiers who followed Lee and Jackson were the flower of southern chivalry, and when we honor them we honor the source of everything that is illustrious in our history.

Among those who strew flowers today will be many gray-haired men who bore their part manfully in the days that tried men's souls and found them equal to the test. These survivors of the legions that wore the gray should not be forgotten. In all the upheavals and changes of the new south they have been our wisest counselors and our best workers. The model citizen of the republic is the ex-confederate. View him from any standpoint and he stands forth the best representative of the south and of the whole union.

Today should be properly commemorated in every city, town and village in the south. Its observance is demanded by our self-respect. To ignore it would be a sign of ingratitude and searism. The south will do her duty to both the dead and the living!

Why Not an Extra Session?

It is perfectly evident that neither Mr. Cleveland nor Mr. Carlisle is of the opinion that the raid on the treasury by the eastern bankers for the purpose of forcing an issue of bonds constitutes what is called an "emergency." Mr. Cleveland has felt called upon, since he is to be away from Washington for several days, to declare what his policy will be, and his declaration does not differ in any material way from that of Mr. Carlisle.

Some of the republican organs and other agents of the eastern bond forcers and gold sharks are complaining that neither declaration amounts to a definite statement of policy. Nevertheless, it seems perfectly clear that it is the intention of the administration not to issue new bonds until such an issue is authorized by congress, but to continue to pay out the gold reserve until the conspirators discover that they are unable to embarrass the treasury.

Whenever the necessity arises there will be and should be an extra session of congress. Some of the wisecracks around Washington are credited with saying that an extra session of congress would be "embarrassing" to the administration. This is certainly a new view to take of the people's congress, and it grows out of the idea of the department clerks that the administration is the government, and that the people have nothing whatever to do with it.

A more serious mistake was never made, even by the hangers-on around Washington. The people's representatives are still the most definite part of the government, and both they and the administration are selected merely for

the purpose of carrying out the people's will.

The Constitution is of the opinion that in any real emergency an extra session of congress would materially strengthen the administration in its contest with the eastern bond-forcers and Shylocks. It would clarify the atmosphere and materially cool the ardor of those who are using their utmost endeavors to embarrass the government.

We Must Stand by the Law.

The citizens of Denmark, S. O., made a deplorable mistake, last Monday, when they lynched John Peterson.

The victim was suspected of having assaulted Miss Baxter. He surrendered himself to the governor, asking for protection and a fair trial. Safely guarded and locked up, there was no reason why this helpless negro should not have been left to the courts. He had witnesses whose testimony tended to establish an alibi, and Miss Baxter, herself, positively declared that he was not the man who had assaulted her.

Yet, in the face of these facts 500 frenzied people could not wait for the orderly administration of justice—could not even wait until another person suspected of the crime had been investigated. Their blood was on fire, and somebody had to die—if not the right man, then anybody supposed or accused of having committed the deed. And so John Peterson was strung up like a dog and his body was filled with bullets.

All this would have been horrible and indefensible if the man's guilt had been undoubted, but his innocence makes the tragedy barbarous and brutal in the extreme. We must suppress this lynch law business. Under such lawlessness there will be no certainty about anything. Respectable citizens will lynch bad men, and bad men will get even by lynching good men. If a mob of 500 men can lynch a suspect, why not five men, two men, or even one man. This is what such methods lead to—a condition of society in which every strong man makes himself judge, jury and executioner.

The second sober thought of our people is against such anarchy. The black brutes who feloniously assault women will not escape justice, and to doubt our judges and juries is an insulting reflection upon the whole body of our citizenship. We believe that the good citizens of South Carolina will endorse these views, and we take pleasure in pointing them to the prompt action of a Georgia judge in dealing with the white cappers of Carroll county. It will be recollected that Judge Harris sentenced these men to terms in the chain-gang within less than thirty days after the outrage with which they were charged was committed. Such justice is speedy enough. We can expect no investigation, no general building up, no great advance in civilization until we firmly establish the reign of law. We must put the world upon notice that the poorest and vilest wretch will be protected in every southern state from every unlawful hand, and we must also make it understood that the motto of our courts is, "Let no guilty man escape." But let us have no more lynch law—that belongs to a barbarous age.

A "Silver Basis."

Some of our contemporaries—especially those that have foggy ideas of finances, or who express whatever ideas they have in a foggy manner—are continually protesting against the probability of placing our currency system on a silver basis, and they go so far as to charge that those who favor a bimetallic coinage are in favor of a silver basis. Considering the course of events and the very clear intention of the goldholders and money sharks to bring our financial system to a silver basis as soon as they can, it may be well to discuss the silver basis from the standpoint of the people and to explain, not what our foggy contemporaries call a silver basis, but what a silver basis really is.

The Constitution is for free bimetallic coinage, first, last and all the time; for the alternating system—the system that will substitute silver for the gold standard when gold gets too valuable, and gold for the silver standard when silver gets too high. In this way, and in this way only, it is possible to provide a sound, safe and stable currency standard. Nevertheless, and notwithstanding the fact that it is unalterably wedded to bimetalism in its truest sense, The Constitution, in common with all who sympathize with the people, would prefer a silver basis to the constantly appreciating gold basis, which is robbing debtors and embarrassing the prosperity of all who are engaged in production.

The goldholders and money sharks, by refusing to accede to or even consider the just demands of the people for a change in our currency system, and by making a combined attack on the credit of the government, are rapidly driving the country in the direction of a silver basis. It may be well, therefore, to discuss the matter and to inquire, in the light of common sense, what the results of a silver basis would be.

In the first place, it should be borne in mind that the only way to bring our currency system to a genuine silver basis is to demonetize gold and remonetize the white metal. When the eastern financiers express fears of a gold basis they mean a condition of affairs that will cause gold to go to a premium as compared with the paper currency that, under the law, is supposed to represent silver. There is a superstition prevalent in the minds of those who do not remember the course of affairs when gold was at a premium in the years succeeding the war—and even in the minds of some who do remember that period—that a premium on gold means bankruptcy and ruin. As a matter of fact, it means nothing of the sort, and in a time of peace it frequently means precisely the contrary, just as it did in the years that intervened between the closing of the war and the resumption of specie payments in 1879.

It should be borne in mind that for years before the war silver was at a premium over gold. It was at a premium over gold during the war and down to the day of the demonetization of the white metal, so that during the war and for ten years thereafter, silver was at a premium over gold and gold at a premium over greenbacks, showing the existence of what modern financiers would call a ruinous dislocation of our currency system. And yet there was nothing ruinous about it. The country prospered when silver was at a premium over gold, and gold at a premium over paper. The people got good prices for their products. The monetary standard had overlapped its real value, and its appreciation was represented in a premium that neither bothered the people nor interfered with business. A great statesman once said that "we must judge the future by the past." The utterance has outlived many profounder sayings because it embodies a fact that appeals to all minds.

Therefore, when we discuss a "silver basis" that is to be reached by a premium on gold, it will be wise to refer, by way of comparison, to the conditions that existed when the gold premium existed and the Wall street wreckers were speculating in the rise and fall of the metal. To this point an element of that center is trying to drive gold again. Some of the financiers want bonds issued, and some of the financial speculators want gold to go to a premium. The probability is that gold will go to a premium before bonds are issued, and in view of that event it is well to say that a premium on gold under the present conditions would cause no embarrassment to any business or to any class except those creditors who have been reaping the fruits of the increasing value of gold.

On the other hand there would be a rise in prices, and the money employed to carry on business would not be overvalued to the extent of throttling enterprise. Moreover, the premium on gold would be the means of hastening the remonetization of silver, and this event would bring about a readjustment of our finances in the interest of the people.

We have ventured to discuss this subject in order to reassure the minds of those who may be disturbed by the threats and prophecies of editors and writers who are talking about a silver basis. So contentious a monometallist as Matthew Marshall, the financial writer of The New York Sun, fails to figure out any crash, collapse or serious trouble from the "silver basis" brought about by a premium on gold. The business of the country and the interests of the people are safe.

An Impatient Democrat.

An esteemed correspondent, who signs himself "Old Hickory," is apparently dissatisfied because comparatively few republican officials have been removed since the new administration came into power.

This impatience is natural, and yet it is unreasonable. Rome was not built in a day, and a democratic administration cannot be expected in the short period of eight weeks to straighten out the tangles of a generation of republican rule.

Then, there is another point to be considered. It is the policy of the administration to permit efficient officials to serve out their terms, and when they have displayed no offensive partisanship this will doubtless be the rule. Many office holders, too, are under the civil service system, and, therefore, cannot be removed, except for cause.

We must proceed without undue haste in these matters. The administration is not likely to forget what is due to itself and to the country, but it cannot with any show of justice make a clean sweep of all the old office holders at one swoop.

We have frequently said that the Harrison officials who are guilty of offensive partisanship should be removed at an early day. This is in perfect harmony with our civil service rules. When an office holder becomes an offensive partisan he makes himself less acceptable to the public, and less efficient. Marshal Buck, it goes without saying, comes under this head. He deliberately placed himself there and glories in his partisanship. He knows, just as all democrats know, that he should not be permitted to hold his office a day longer.

It is unnecessary and untimely to urge the points suggested by our correspondent, but so far as Buck and men of his kind are concerned, it is plainly the duty of the administration to give them their walking papers, and put good democrats in their places. There should be no room in a democratic administration for an offensive republican partisan.

Massachusetts Justice.

Ex-President Potter, of the Maverick National bank, who was convicted of falsifying numerous checks, and thereby wrecking his bank, has been sentenced to sixty days imprisonment in jail and a fine of \$1,000.

Mr. Potter at once gave bond, and as his case goes to the federal supreme court, it will be at least a year before he goes to jail.

This man's offense was a very grave one. He was the custodian of other people's money and willfully appropriated a trust fund by means of false certificates. His wealth and influence enabled him to get off with a nominal penalty, and yet every day half-starved men who lay their hands on a few dollars to save their families from absolute want are sent to the penitentiary for a term of years.

This sort of justice makes anarchists, and is a direct encouragement to lawlessness. No community can afford to have two kinds of law—mild penalties for the privileged classes, and severe penalties for the masses. Such a policy destroys all respect for law, and in their resentment people are tempted to rebel against lawful authority and throw off all restraints. The Maverick bank wrecker deserved a long term in prison, and it is the grossest injustice to let him off with sixty days in jail, and then sentence a poor man who has pocketed a trifle to several years in the penitentiary.

Massachusetts justice, as exhibited in

the cases of Lizzie Borden and the Maverick bank, is so peculiar that it cannot fail to provoke comment.

Mr. Child's Philadelphia Ledger says the secretary of the treasury "is authorized to issue bonds. Will Mr. Childs kindly quote that law for us? We give him from now until congress meets."

As the successor of Colonel Shepard Colonel Cockerill is cutting a great figure in metropolitan journalism.

Evidently Mr. Carlisle has no use for the speculator element in Wall street.

It has been years and years since the wildcat financiers were unable to call a secretary of the treasury to their parlors. They have called and beckoned to Mr. Carlisle, and he has refused to go. They don't know what to make of such a man.

The people of the country will remember that Wall street banks, holding \$72,000,000 in gold have not furnished a dollar to the government. Remembering this, the people will also remember its significance.

"We will exchange gold for greenbacks," says the west. "Not a dollar of gold can you get until you issue bonds," says Wall street.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The great Napoleon was a silverite. When he conquered Italy his attention was called to a collection of silver statues of the apostles in a religious institution, and he was asked what should be done with them. "Take them down," he replied, and coin them into currency that they may go about doing good as did their Master."

The woman that took part in a late marriage at Newcastle, England, had a mathematical formula to guide her. At sixteen she married a man of thirty-two; at thirty she married again and chose a man sixty. To conclude the series she is now at forty-two marries a man of eighty-four. Her first husband was a Quaker, the second a Catholic, and the present one a Protestant. If she lives much longer, and is determined to go on with her mathematical matrimonial ventures, she will have to advertise in the want columns for a centenarian or two and specify a new religion as one of her provisions.

A laborer in the employ of the queen of England has been sued for debt. He testified that he received only ten shillings a week, and was unable to make both ends meet. He also volunteered the information that the queen's laborers received less than other people and had to work harder. "Ah," said the judge, "but you must think of the honor," to which Shakespeare never put a wiser speech in a man's mouth, not even in Jack Falstaff's when he soliloquized over Harry Hotspur's body. A man cannot pay his debts with honor.

M. Jules Simon declares that the way to reach old age is to keep the mind actively employed all the time. This is why newspaper men live so long.

An instance of perseverance and undaunted courage is that shown in the life of Marvin Clark, the blind journalist, who is one of New York's most active workers. Under calamitous circumstances he has been both heroic and cheerful. Five years ago he lost his sight, having been a newspaper writer for thirty years. As soon as he found he was hopelessly blind, he taught himself the type and the printer's case, and in this way he has been able to keep a leading place in his profession.

"Young men, if you have a spark of genius in you, water it," was the singular speech of a Philadelphia business man to a crowd of college students.

SOUTHERN NEWS NOTES.

Unlabeled, Ala., is rejoicing over a telegraphic communication through the Postal Telegraph Company's system.

In the race at Mobile between a man on a bicycle and two horses, the man got nineteen miles while the horses went twenty, the man won by a lap.

A lady's bicycle club has been formed at Goldsboro, N. C. The girls, some twenty in number, attract admiring attention whenever they are out.

A Louisiana woman is suing for a divorce on the ground that her husband refuses to clean up his back yard. He has a lot of old tin cans and other rubbish piled up all around him, and it comes to cleaning up the house.

An old and respected citizen of Juarez, aged seventy-five, says The El Paso Herald, has offered a young Mexican girl of that city \$100,000 in the event that she becomes his wife. The girl has refused the offer, but her parents are urging her to accept the conditions.

The Paducah News says the loss by the fire at Water Valley, near Fulton, was fully \$50,000. Water Valley was one of the "moor" prosperous little towns in Graves county. It is believed the fire was started by negroes, who were exasperated by the refusal of Mr. Kiss to allow them to play cards in his hay loft.

A Chicago cigar manufacturing firm employing about 1,000 cigarmakers is corresponding with Tampa papers relative to the removal of a part or all of the extensive plant to that place. They employ 700 hundred Germans and Bohemians on various grades of cigars, and about 300 on clear Havana stock. The fame of Tampa as a cigar manufacturing center is growing, and it is evident inducements are offered the firm may go there.

Mr. W. E. Clarke, postmaster of Newbern, N. C., has received notice from the postoffice department that the legal name (the one by which the office at that place was known for a hundred years prior to 1862) has been restored. The law provides that the office shall be known and recorded by all the departments of the government as Newbern, Craven county, N. C.

A customer who was being waited upon in a San Antonio barber shop, said to the barber that the shampooing fluid that he was applying to the patron's head just then was nothing but soap and water. The barber declared that the chief ingredient was alcohol. "It is not a dollar it is a dollar," said the customer. "All right boys," said the barber, who was a negro, and striking a parlor match, he applied it to the man's hair, and in an instant it was all ablaze. The man leaped from a chair, jumped a fence and was seen no more.

GEORGIA PRESS PERSONALS.

Darien Gazette: Editor Henry McIntosh, of The Albany News, is not after any office, but he could fill one to the satisfaction of everybody in Georgia.

Darien Gazette: Carter Tate and Ben Russell are "two of a kind," and we want to see them kept in congress just as long as they want to stay. The Gazette is for Ben and Carter every time.

Milledgeville Recorder: The Union Recorder adds its congratulations to the many which are being extended to ex-Senator Joseph E. Brown on reaching his seventy-second year in improved health. He holds a distinguished place in Georgia history. We hope his declining years may be peaceful and happy.

Milledgeville Recorder: The Constitution in an editorial speaks of the service that Hon. W. X. Atkinson has performed for the democratic party and states that he is entitled to recognition at the hands of the administration. Mr. Atkinson is not an applicant for office, but no man in Georgia did more to aid the cause of democracy than Mr. Atkinson in the last campaign. He has a host of friends throughout the state who would be glad to see honors heaped upon him.

Americus Recorder: Hon. James M. Griggs, solicitor general of the Panama canal and one of the shrewdest politicians in the state, paid America a short visit yesterday between trains. Colonel Griggs is one of the rising young men of Georgia; and by his ability as a lawyer and popularity as a man has a hold upon the people of his section enjoyed by few

other men. Colonel Griggs not only gets elected as everything he wants himself, but he helps his friends along; and this explains why he has so many of them.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

The Makin' of a Man.

I've been readin' of a book that's called "The Makin' of a Man." A-spellin' through its pages an' a-gettin' at its plan: An' I think the man what writ it is a preacher—name o' Lee

Now, the makin' of a man might be jes' what he makes it out.

But still, 'tain't that away to me with folks that's hereabout:

An' I'm in 'fer disagreein' an' objectin' to his plan:

An' I'm in 'fer to tell you fellers what's the makin' of a man!

Fust, the best part of him, an' the main spring of his life,

Is that sweet bunch o' calico an' roses, called "a wife."

An' then, the next best thing to me—I'll say what my meaning clear:

Is what them city fellers call the hotel "bill o' fare!"

Fust, that's your hog and hominy—you can't lose sight o' that—

Your bacon in the smokehouse, with a streak o' lean an' fat!

Your taters an' your punkins, on the good old country plan;

Them's what I think, my brotherin, is the makin' of a man!

That's what I guess the preacher I'm a-givin' of a rub,

Had dinner 'fore he writ his book an' kinder skipped the grub!

But you jes' hear me talkin', an' you'll kinder think my plan;

Which takes in hog an' hominy, is the makin' of a man!

F. L. S.

Editor Cooper, of The Rome Tribune, was in the city yesterday. The Tribune is a better paper today than it has ever been. Cooper has given it strength and brightness.

Mr. Joseph L. Dennis is now editing The Southern Home, Mr. Harry Brown having resigned from the paper. Mr. Dennis is proving himself an excellent editor.

With a Sharp Knife.

They talk of the "oaken bucket,"

So cool in a hot, dry spell;

But give us the watermelon

That's been six hours in the well!

Thomas Washington Reed is doing good editorial work for The Athens Banner these winter days. He is a young man who goes on a rush, but is never out of breath when he gets there.

Died on the Installment Plan.

"You don't offer any inducements to an editor in this town?"

"We don't? Jerusalem! Why, we buried six of 'em, an' let their widows pay for their funerals in installments!"

Tom Murphy is doing excellent editorial work on The Augusta Evening Herald. The Herald is a bright newspaper every day in the week.

The Good Time Coming.

It may be quite a way off

An' the boys are badly drilled,

But the country'll take a day off

When the offices are filled!

A "certain" Georgia editor indirectly advertises for a wife. He ought to get her. It is a poor woman who can't support one Georgia newspaper.

It Was Complete.

"Goin' on a shakin' excursion?"

"Yes."

"What's your outfit?"

"Six lars and ten jugs."

The paragrapher of The Irwinton World may write with a short pencil, but he certainly goes a long way. The World is one of the brightest of the Georgia weeklies.

The Albany Herald says that Editor McLendon, of The Thomsville Review, speaks three languages fluently—English, American and profane.

They Quit Even.

The Enquirer-Sun, apropos of the lawyers' fight, has a case in which the stand in pitching into experts on the witness stand.

"We don't? Jerusalem! Why, we buried six of 'em, an' let their widows pay for their funerals in installments!"

Doctors sometimes make mistakes don't they?

"The same as lawyers," was the reply.

"But doctors' mistakes are buried six feet under the ground," said the lawyer.

"Yes," said the doctor, "and lawyers' mistakes sometimes swing six feet in the air."

STILL AFTER BUCK.

Americus Times-Recorder: If there is any one thing about which the democracy of Georgia is absolutely a unit, it is that Boss Buck should be bounced.

Brunswick Advertiser: The Atlanta Constitution heads an editorial "Colonel Buck's Position in Georgia," and holding over to a democratic administration, his position seems a strong one.

Milledgeville Recorder: All the democratic papers in the state are urging President Cleveland to remove Boss Buck. He has been a democratic partisan and his place should be filled by a democrat at once.

Albany Herald: Boss Buck appears to be about as serene in his office as if the republican party still ruled at Washington. The cry, "Boss Buck must go," has gone up from the democratic press and voters of Georgia, but, somehow, Buck doesn't "go."

of the mule. A negro tenant was also mentioned who had consequently purchased the same mule thirteen times, paying part of the price each year, and last fall he returned the mule to the original owner and decided to buy an ox."

The Milledgeville Union-Recorder says this good one on Rev. R. J. Bingham, of that place:

"Mr. Bingham was preaching at a country church. He and his congregation were greatly amused by a dog named 'Bingo' who ran down the aisles of the church and about the pulpit. Finally, when the dog passed by Mr. Bingham, he seized him by the nape of the neck and threw him out of the window. The gravity of the preacher was completely upset and he laughed aloud in meeting the next minute was unable to continue his discourse."

POLITICS, IN GENERAL.

New York World: It is a time for confidence rather than for fear, for support of the treasury rather than for adding to its embarrassment. "There is gold enough in the country to meet all the requirements of the situation." Those who heard it invite the danger which they profess to wish averted.

New York Times: Public confidence was strengthened by the fact that the treasury was not called upon to issue more bonds. When it was known that the free gold was really gone, the treasury notes were still redeemed in gold. It will be still further strengthened by the statement of the president, contained in an address to congress, that no fact no class in the country will take more sincere and disinterested satisfaction than the bankers of New York.

New York World: In the circumstances the president is justified in reminding the country that the danger that surrounds the government and the danger that menaces business are the direct results of republican legislation and administration. An emptied treasury, an impaired gold reserve and a silver law that increases treasury notes bidding to put silver bullion behind them, are all legacies of republican rule.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: Attorney General Olney is in error if he supposes that the financial flurry will enable him to avoid popular notice in his refusal to tackle the trusts. The trusts are growing stronger and more every day, and more defiant of popular sentiment. Olney must move in this matter or public opinion will compel the president to remove him and put a better official in his place.

New York Herald: President Cleveland says nothing about issuing government bonds. It is, however, implied in his statement that the hundred million reserve will be freely used to redeem treasury notes, and when necessary to replenish the supply of precious metal. The banks of this city refrained from putting gold into Mr. Carlisle's "blind pool," but now that a definite treasury policy has been announced they will doubtless do all they can to assist it.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Where Are the Fruits?

Editor Constitution: There is an uproar in the popular heart, and a tempest brewing there whose thunders will be heard, and whose powers will be crushed, sooner or later, than the clouds of the present. The overwhelming victory in November have hoisted a flag of truce, under cover of which the vainglorious hold the fort, and virtually render null and void that axiom of democratic faith "vox populi vox die."

Georgia's victory was not a triumph of the people, but a triumph of the few. The triumph of democratic principles and were otherwise obnoxious to the people, what was the motive, I ask, that actuated that self-satisfied section from the ballot box that elected to the country with the emphasis of a spontaneous and convulsive action?

There was no room for a misunderstanding of the import of that decision. It was such a result and a result of such importance that the people of the south as to need no interpretation.

For years the south has been outraged by a single alien officeholder representing a moulted sentiment, social or political, that has or with the real interests of the white citizen population, and regard for public justice as a principle of decency, demand the removal of such an intruder, who fastened their claws in the vital under the anomalous conditions of racial supremacy, and who is expelled as speedily as possible to their political gripsacks and vacate the premises, returning to the land of their origin, or the sordid shades of obscurity, from which neither time nor money can resurrect them.

It is not upon the basis of the declaration that "to the victor belongs the spoils," that this appeal to national and patriotic sentiment of Georgia's representatives to Congress is addressed, but upon the higher, broader, and more fundamental assumption that the people of this great nation are entitled, under the auspices, a signal democratic victory to a speedy recognition of their grievances, and that their enemies go no longer rule over them, but that all federal officials in the states are filled by men who espoused their cause and with their state and country as a whole, and the degradation of being a servant in a measure to the dictation of political advisers.

It is right that a single office in Georgia shall be administered by men whose social surroundings and political convictions are in sympathy with the sentiments and misrepresents the spirit of the people.

A PUZZLING CASE.

Judge Andy Calhoun Confronted with a Problem in Human Nature.

A YOUNG WOMAN WITH A TEMPER

Gets Into Trouble—She Puzzles the Judge, and Is Frightened Into Hysterics by the Noise of the Prison.

A blushing young maiden in a red frock and a lively little spring bonnet adorned with Easter ribbons and all that, whose only fault was an exceedingly hot temper, furnished Judge Andy Calhoun with the most difficult problem in human nature that he has tackled since the beginning of his administration.

Judge Andy Calhoun is distinctly a philosopher. He has made the study of human nature a pursuit of pleasure, and the stock of valuable and unique information he has in that line would have made Charles Dickens or Mr. Thackeray envious. The judge knows all about little negroes, and big negroes and middle-sized negroes, and he can tell with the exactness of a trained novelist what they will do under a given set of circumstances, but he is put to his wits when a pretty young girl, evidently not a bit depraved or bad, but who has an uncontrollable and ungovernable temper, which frequently breaks out and makes the family circle fairly tremble by its vigorous manifestation, comes before him for disturbing the peace of the community in which she lives.

Yesterday he was confronted by such a puzzle, and Lula Burge, a young woman sixteen years old, furnished it. It was not the first time, however, that she had been before the judge, but her second appearance does not signify that she is a bad girl, given to wicked ways.

About two weeks ago, Judge Calhoun was surprised when a fair faced young woman, well-dressed and whose general appearance was conclusive evidence that she was of a respectable class. She blushed modestly, and seeing the curious gaze of the crowd moved upon her, hung her head in shame. She had been arrested for giving one of her characteristic performances of temper. She had exploded about the curbing of a result was a disturbed neighborhood. It was proven that she was noisy, while she was nice.

She was too nice a girl to fine, and Judge Calhoun let her go with a few words of wholesome advice on the subject of self-control, and the bad effects of letting one's temper have its way. Yesterday morning she was surprised to see her appear before him again on a similar charge. He expressed his regret and the young woman told him that she was sorry but that she just couldn't help it, that her temper would get the best of her at times, and she asked for mercy. But the judge could not let her go this time.

"You have, undoubtedly, done what is charged against you, and this time I must fine you for it."

The young woman said she hadn't a cent to pay a fine. It was plain to the judge and to everybody that it would never do to send the young female to the city stockade. The judge bit the end of his official pen in a perplexed way.

"I can't send you to the stockade," said he, "and yet you are guilty of the charge and something should be done with you. I will give you three days in the police station, and maybe that will cure you."

And so the young woman was hustled down to a cell where she was told she would have to make her home for three days. She wept and mourned during the afternoon and in the evening was brought into the prison and locked into a cell adjoining that of Miss Burge. The young woman, who was a well-dressed and refined girl, was in the cell with the bars of her cage, while she filled the prison with her outbursts and threats.

The young woman who was in the cell with the bars of her cage, while she filled the prison with her outbursts and threats. The young woman who was in the cell with the bars of her cage, while she filled the prison with her outbursts and threats. The young woman who was in the cell with the bars of her cage, while she filled the prison with her outbursts and threats.

If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak freely of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

Where to Go.

Every one has been asking the question, "Where can I go to catch a mess of fish?" The answer is East Lake. It is only a question of how fast you can handle your line as to the number you catch; 25 cents an hour and you will come out way ahead. Take the Decatur dummy for East Lake.

United States Postoffice.

Atlanta, Fulton County, State of Georgia, April 23, 1896—Wednesday, April 26th, having been proclaimed as a legal holiday by the governor of the state, this office will only be open between the hours of 8:30 and 10 o'clock a. m. Carriers will make the usual morning deliveries.

J. R. LEWIS, Postmaster.

For Rent.

The second story of The Constitution building. Would prefer tenant to occupy whole floor without partitioning into rooms. Electric lights and heating complete. Particularly well adapted for manufacturing plant, centrally located, bridge on Forsyth street, near completion. Call upon W. A. Hemphill, Business Manager.

World's Fair Rates.

Ask for your tickets via Western and Atlantic railroad and Nashville, Tenn. The shortest line and quickest time. Through sleeping car tickets sold from Atlanta to Chicago. For special rates, routes, etc., write to C. E. HARMAN, G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

Marietta and North Georgia railway, commencing April 24th, through Marietta and North Georgia. Leave Atlanta 8:10 a. m. arrive Marietta 6:20 p. m. For tickets and information apply at Western and Atlantic ticket office.

W. B. BRADY, General Passenger Agent.

J. R. GLOVER, Receiver.

April 21-1m

The Knowledge and Skill.

Essential to the production of the most perfect and popular laxative remedy known, have enabled the California Fig Syrup Company to achieve a great success in the reputation of its remedy. Syrup of Figs, as it is conceded to be the universal laxative. For sale by all druggists.

Seven Routes.

The E. T. V. & G. has on sale tickets via seven routes to Chicago and the World's Fair, leaving Atlanta 1:50 p. m. arrive Chicago next evening 6:20. Leave Atlanta 2:40 a. m. arrive Chicago next morning 7:30. Sleeper open in Union Depot at 9:00 p. m., which is attached to vestibule train passing Atlanta 2:40 a. m.

For Rent.

second story Constitution building. Electric lights and heating complete. Centrally located. The new bridge on Forsyth street will soon be completed. Call upon W. A. Hemphill, business manager.

LEAK AT IT AGAIN.

He Works His Old Dodge, Claiming to Be a Newspaper Representative.

GONE TO THE WORLD'S FAIR NOW,

But Many Honest Workingmen, Who Say He Got the Best of Them, Are Talking of Having Him Brought Back.

S. Garlington Leak has been at his old ugly tricks again, and so strong and persistent has grown the demand for him that he has gone to Chicago to escape the importunities of his victims and to evade the consequences of his disagreeable fame.

For a brief period of four or five months he has been hidden from public view and the police have been given a rest. It was thought from his absence from the police records and proceedings that he had made good his many declarations of a purpose to reform and lead a life devoted to higher pursuits, but it seems now that his seeming good behavior was as misleading as it was mischievous.

Leak is a poet by nature, and it is an old dodge of his to recite in touching verse a noble indignation and purpose to unfetter himself from the shackles of wrong-doing and lead a career that would end with honor and fame. With dewy eyes and quivering lips he has solemnly asserted his determination to do better, and his touching appeals have often touched those who had the power to secure his release, and it has occurred not once but often that he has thus secured his liberty when the charges against him looked very black indeed.

Leak has not been in police court since he was brought there for engaging in a "big row" at which time the pathetic story of his "busted" boarding house came to light and got into print. When he emerged from the stockade after that, he announced that henceforth he would lead a better life.

But if the charges reported to the police during the last two days are true, he is signally failed to carry out his expressed intention. Two or three days ago Mr. Cabanis, of The Journal, reported to Chief Connolly that Leak had been collecting money for subscriptions for his paper without having the authority to do so. Chief Connolly ordered the arrest of Leak, but the story of his doings was not half told. Since then many workingmen have reported at headquarters that Leak had been there representing himself to be a representative of numerous papers in the state and had collected subscriptions from them in wholesale quantities.

Most of the men who were victimized were railroad men, and from them Leak collected over one hundred dollars. It is believed that this sum will not half cover the amounts collected by him. It is thought that the victimized many whose names will never be known, and many who have not yet discovered that they are his victims. A movement has been started among the victimized railroad men to have Leak brought back to Atlanta from Chicago. He has been learned that he left for the Windy City on last Sunday night.

The entire police and detective force has been looking for Leak for the past three or four days.

THE GENUINE JOHANN HOFF'S Malt Extract

Malt is the life of grain.

Johann Hoff's Extract of Malt is the Malt of all the MALTS.

A Delicious Table Beverage.

Purchasers are warned against imitations and disreputable cheap goods. "JOHANN HOFF" is the signature of the genuine.

Miner & Mendelson Co., Sole Agents, 152 and 154 Franklin street, New York.

No place around Atlanta equal to East Lake. Fish are biting freely. Take Decatur dummy if you wish to go there.

Twenty Years Ago.

When we first introduced "WILD'S LINOLEUM" we had to explain that this remarkable composition of ground cork and solidified oil was the softest and best covering made. Now that people know its advantages, we have only to caution them to see that "WILD'S LINOLEUM" is printed on the back so that they can be buying the original make, the handsomest and most durable.

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel wall paper, window shades and furniture, 40 Marietta street, Phone 77.

WITHOUT PAIN OR CONFINEMENT.

Opium and Whisky Habits Cured at Your Home.

Patients continue business while under treatment. Whisky and all other drugs stopped immediately on beginning treatment—do not need them. No treatment required to compare with it. Have given special study and practice to these diseases for the past twenty years, with continued and successful increase in practice. Book of cures free. B. M. Woolley, M.D., Atlanta, Ga.

For sale to highest bidder on May 4th at 11 a. m. at Dimmock & Wallace's warehouse, one car bay consigned to "Order" Notice: Granter & Bartlett, C. C. Martin, agent East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad.

April 24-1m

Go to East Lake.

If you want a good day's fishing don't fail to try East Lake. You can catch all you want. Terms 25 cents per hour.

BROU'S INJECTION

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhea and other venereal diseases. No need of no other treatment required, and without the nauseating results of using Quinine, Salvarsan or other drugs. Write for particulars and price of Brou's Injection to J. Brou, (successor to Brou, Pharmacien, Paris).

SYPHILIS CURE OR NO PAY.

Legal Guarantee. All stages. Bone Rheumatism. Ulcers and Mucous Patches cured in 20 to 30 days. Cure permanent, not a patching up. Can be so guaranteed. Patients cured 20 years ago and well. Refer to Bradstreet and to patients cured. Everything written for particulars and price of Brou's Injection to J. Brou, (successor to Brou, Pharmacien, Paris).

April 17-1m

OFFICE OF

A. HOLZMAN,

JEWELER AND DIAMOND SETTER

47 1/2 Whitehall Street, (p-stairs).

Special attention to out of town order

For Sale—The Library Property on Decatur Street, 75x100 to 50 Feet Alley.

This valuable lot is only 200 feet from Pryor street in the business center of the city. The building is a handsome three-story brick structure and is well adapted for any mercantile purpose.

For price and terms apply to Harris & Nutting, real estate agents.

April 23-2w and wed fri

It Might Have Been

These are the saddest words of tongue or pen. You may never have realized their full import, but if you buy your spring suit before seeing our stock you will only have to see it and get our prices to fully appreciate your loss and what "might have been" if you had come to us first.

Black and blue chevrons in single and double-breasted are the most popular suits now. We can sell you these at from \$10 to \$22.50 in all the grades. They are cut long this season and are made to fit. We have a large line of light colored suits, too. They are pretty enough to eat. A look at them is enough to cure "that tired feeling" that comes with spring. Our line of clay worsted suits in both sack and cutaway is superb and ranges in price from \$15 to \$30 and our stock of trousers is worth a Sabbath day's journey to see. Suits and trousers made to order at popular prices.

LUMPKIN, COLE & STEWART.

CLOTHIERS,

26 Whitehall Street.

AN OFFER WHICH CANNOT BUT HELP SATISFY

The offer made by us to guarantee a cure or refund the money is genuine and without reserve, the only exception being in desperately severe or incurable cases. This is no more than fair. The fact that many advertising doctors claim to cure all diseases does not make it so. The sensible public know very well that certain diseases in advanced stages are incurable and the assertion that they are does not carry any weight and the person or persons making such a statement is set down as a quack and impostor. We know that we give the latest and most scientific treatment for diseases in our specialty and the offer we make is one that proves to the people what we can do and what we claim. Surely you can ask no more. Our reputation and financial liability cannot be questioned. We have so much confidence in our treatment that we feel safe in making the above remarkable proposition.

OTHERS DO NOT.

Dr. HATHAWAY & CO. SPECIALISTS.

Regular graduates, and certain specialists in the United States in their line.

Remarked results have followed our treatment. Years of varied and successful experience in the use of curative methods that we alone own and control for all disorders of men who have weak or undeveloped or diseased organs; who are suffering from errors of youth and excess, or who are nervous and impatient, the scorn of their fellows, and the contempt of their friends and companions, lead us to guarantee to all patients, if they can possibly be restored, our own exclusive treatment will afford a cure.

REMEMBER!—That there is hope for you. Consult no other, as you may waste your time and money. Obtain our treatment at once.

LADIES—You who have suffered from diseases peculiar to your sex, female weakness, should certainly try our new method of treatment, which surpasses the old methods, and does away with so much pain, which is often experienced. Try our treatment and you will be satisfied.

SYPHILIS—This terrible disease is treated by us with the latest methods, and our experience at Hot Springs and eastern hospitals enables us to entirely eradicate this terrible poison from the system. The most rapid, safe and effective remedy. No cure guaranteed.

UNNATURAL DISCHARGES—Promptly cured in a few days. Quick, sure and safe. This includes gleet and gonorrhea. STURGE—A new method. No cutting. The only rational method to effect a complete treatment.

SKIN DISEASES of all kinds cured where others have failed. Testimonials on file to prove this assertion.

CATARH—The treatment is mild and agreeable, and based upon scientific principles. Catarrhal diseases are dependent upon some taint in the organism, and it is by eradicating it that we CURE CATARRH.

For symptom blank No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3 for skin diseases. All correspondence answered promptly. Business strictly confidential. Medicine sent, free from observation, to all parts of the country. Address or call on DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 22 1-2 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

IRON WITHOUT FIRE. SAVES TIME & MONEY.

Sells itself. AGENTS WANTED.

A. G. BRADSHAW & CO., 85, Cy. Mo.

THIS IS THE TIME FOR FRUITS.

We offer great bargains in California fruits.

Three-pound Standard California Pears, per can, 25c.

Three-pound Standard California Peaches, per can, 25c.

Three-pound Standard California Apricots, per can, 25c.

We will sell you one dozen pears, peaches or apricots at \$2.50 per dozen.

Three-pound Extras Colman Flag or Thurber's Peaches, Pears or Apricots at 35c per can or \$4 per dozen.

These prices will last only one week. Do not miss them.

W. R. HOYT

90 Whitehall,

OR 325 TO 329 PEACHTREE

"If you have them from us, they're right."

RIGHT IN STYLE

RIGHT IN FIT

RIGHT IN QUALITY

RIGHT IN PRICE

Men's Suits, Boys' Suits, Children's Suits, Old Pants, Hats, Paraphernalia, Complete in All Departments.

EISEMAN & WEIL,

3 Whitehall Street.

HOTEL LANIER,

MACON, - - - GEORGIA.

A Strictly First-Class Hotel

Located in the business center of the city.

RATES

\$2.50 to \$4.00 Per Day.

G. B. DUY, Proprietor

Free bus to and from all depots. Baggage wagon connected with the house.

Feb 24-2w

Hotel Aragon,

ATLANTA, - - - - - GEORGIA.

The newest, the most elegant, the safest, the most complete hotel palace in the south. Every scientific appliance for ventilation, heating, plumbing and electric lighting.

The Privacy of a Home

The conveniences of a modern New York hotel, the furnishings of a palace, the table of an epicure.

RATES—American plan, \$3 to \$5 per day; European plan, \$1.50 to \$3.50 per day. Free passenger service to and from depot.

Jan 12-2m

Notice to Tax Payers

The city tax books are now open for making tax returns. Please call and make your returns now and avoid rush.

G. D. MEADOR, J. J. MALONE, J. KEITH, Assessors and Receivers.

April 2 till May 20

Clothes Cleaned and Dyed

We are the largest concern and do the best work in dyeing and cleaning all sorts of clothing, both ladies' and men's. Also household goods, like rugs, draperies and curtains. Price reasonable. Work perfect. Southern Dry and Cleaning Works, No. 22 and 24 Walton street; telephone 680. Bundles may be given to wagons of Troy Steam Laundry.

Mar 23 1st col in R

ROSES! ROSES!

Small plants from two and a half inch pots.

16 ROSE PLANTS \$1.00.

My selection of varieties, including all the best, delivered anywhere in the city free of charge. Order now.

W. D. BEATTIE, Room 608 Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga.

IRON WITHOUT FIRE. SAVES TIME & MONEY.

Sells itself. AGENTS WANTED.

A. G. BRADSHAW & CO., 85, Cy. Mo.

THIS IS THE TIME FOR FRUITS.

We offer great bargains in California fruits.

Three-pound Standard California Pears, per can, 25c.

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We will sell you one dozen pears, peaches or apricots at \$2.50 per dozen.

Three-pound Extras Colman Flag or Thurber's Peaches, Pears or Apricots at 35c per can or \$4 per dozen.

These prices will last only one week. Do not miss them.

W. R. HOYT

90 Whitehall,

OR 325 TO 329 PEACHTREE

THE EXCELLENCE

Of our stock of Clothing is nowhere more apparent than in the superb line of boys and children's Suits we show this season. For the small boys, ages three and six, you can find just the thing you want. They are cut to fit, handsomely trimmed and a beautiful assortment of colors. For the larger boys the variety, the quality and the style of our \$5 Suits have proven winning cards.

George Muse Clothing Company,

38 Whitehall Street.

Satzky

At It Again.

Everybody wanting a perfect fitting Suit should go to Satzky, the Tailor. Fresh New Goods.

ROOM 304, KISER BUILDING, PRYOR STREETS.

ARAGON PHARMACY.

Junction Peachtree and Forsyth streets, opposite new Grand opera house.

Fresh Stock and Pure Drugs

Perfumes, Toilet Articles, Confections. An attractive line

Clear Havana Cigars, (Straight goods, guaranteed the very best.)

Domestic Cigars, Cheroots, etc., (40 different brands.)

SODA WATER, SHERBETS, ICE CREAM.

Mineral Waters on draught and in bottles.

O'KEEFE & FLEMING, Proprietors Aragon Pharmacy, Opposite Grand Opera House.

NATIONAL SURGICAL INSTITUTE

ATLANTA, GA.

Treats Deformities and chronic Diseases, such as Club Feet, Diseases of the Hip, Spine and Joints, Paralysis, Piles, Flatula, Catarrh, Female and private Diseases, Hernia, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, etc. Send for illustrated circular

DEN SMORE

The world's greatest TYPEWRITER! PERFECT AND LASTING Alignment!

Folger & Girardeau

71 N. PRYOR STREET.

DIAMONDS,

STERLING

SILVER,

JEWELRY,

CUT GLASS,

ETCHINGS.

W. CHARLES W. GRANKSHAW,

Jeweler, 28 1-2 Whitehall St. Up Stairs.

Sweeping Reduction in Price

—AND—

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING

Gents' Furnishing Goods

UNTIL MAY 1st.

At that time our store will be closed for alterations. Cloths, Cassimers, Worsteds, Chevrons and Pantaloonings in Tailoring Department at your own price. The next three weeks is your chance.

J. A. Anderson Clothing Co

41 WHITEHALL STREET.

ROBERT J. LOWRY,

RECEIVER.

Southern Shorthand

Business College,

57 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

ALSO PURCHASERS OF

MOORE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE,

Forming a business training institution with out a peer in the south. Six thousand students in positions. Nearly three hundred pupils now in attendance. HANDSOME CATALOGUE FREE.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF MEDICINE. University of Virginia. Conducted by members of the faculty. Anatomy, Chemistry, Histology and Physiology. Address Dr. W. G. Christian, secretary, University of Virginia, April 16-50t

Public Schools.

An examination of applicants for positions in the public schools of Atlanta will be held in the Girls' High school building, Corner Washington and Mitchell streets.

For whites on Saturday, May 6th; for negroes, Saturday, May 13th, examinations beginning at 9 o'clock a. m.

Gentlemen and ladies who are applicants are invited to attend the respective examinations, as no other examination will be permitted.

By order of the board of education. W. F. SLATON, Superintendent.

april 22-7t

Goldsmith & Sullivan's Business College and Crichton's School of Shorthand

SULLIVAN & CRICHTON'S

Business College

AND SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND.

KISER BUILDING, Corner Pryor and Hunter streets. Bookkeeping, shorthand, telegraphy, penmanship, etc., taught practically. Business course completed by many in three months. Success absolutely guaranteed. Catalogues free; night classes also.

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER

IS FROM

THE STANDARD PRINTING INK CO

NO. 108 CANAL STREET,

CINCINNATI, O. H. O.

Worth Thinking About.

WHEN YOU WANT A WATCH, do you ask all the watchmen to come and show you a watch? Do you not rather look for the watchman who has the skill, knowledge of the law and personal character which will protect your interest?

WHY DOES NOT THE SAME IDEA apply to other lines of business where confidence becomes a factor in your dealings, for instance, in the purchase of a watch or a diamond? It cannot be denied that considering quality and price one yard of cloth may be dear at four cents, another cheap at ten cents, one watch dear at ten dollars, another cheap at twenty. Now, to determine the question of cheapness we must consider: 1st. The standing of the establishment which sells the watch. 2d. The value of the guarantee to the purchaser of the watch. 3d. The acknowledged merits of the watch offered.

The best article protected by a strong and responsible guarantee, will be found the cheapest in the end.

For further information, send for a catalogue to J. P. Stevens & Bro., 47 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

look here!

do you know that there are lots of dealers who are imposing on you? they are selling an old oscar pepper whisky that is not genuine.

we are agents for the "pure quill," you can tell it by its green label and cap.

bluthenthal & bickart,
"b. & b."

44 and 46, marietta street. 'phone, 378.

"canadian club,"
"schlitz milwaukee beer,"
"goulet champagne,"
"four acres whisky."

Do not deceive yourselves or be deceived. We are the only manufacturers of hardwood mantles in the city of Atlanta, and our sole and only place of business is on West Mitchell street just beyond the old East Tennessee passenger depot, where we have our showroom and works.

MAY MANTEL CO.

MANUFACTURER OF SAUSAGE

C. A. RAUSCHENBERG

133 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

TELEPHONE 466.

Dealer in Fine Western and Tennessee Beef, Mutton, Pork, Spiced and Smoked Meats, Poultry and Game in Season. Your Solicited.

March 22-1m us D&C

Don't Pay Money for Water

A Solid Extract of Beef is more economical than a liquid, for the reason that it is concentrated, and housekeepers will find it much cheaper to buy.

BUY

Liebig COMPANY'S

Extract of Beef

a solid, concentrated extract, free from fat and gelatine or any foreign substance and dissolve it themselves.

The signature

genuine *J. Liebig* on the jar

has this in blue

20 Years of marvelous success in the treatment of

MEN AND WOMEN.

Dr. W. W. Bowes

ATLANTA, GA.,

SPECIALIST IN

Chronic, Nervous, Blood

and Skin Diseases.

VARIICOSE and Hydrocele permanently cured in every case.

NERVOUS debility, seminal losses, despondency, effects of bad habits.

STERILITY, IMPOTENCE, — Those desiring to marry, but are physically incapacitated, quickly restored.

Blood and Skin diseases, Syphilis and its effects, Ulcers and Sores.

Enlarged Prostate.

Urethral Stricture permanently cured without cutting or cautery, at home, with no interruption of business.

Send 6c. in stamps for book and question list. Best of business references furnished. Address

Dr. W. W. Bowes, 21 Marietta St. Atlanta, Ga.

Hello, 672!

Is that Standard Wagon on Co.?

Yes.

Customer says: "I have decided to take that buggy and harness I was looking at this morning."

"All right; we will have it fitted up properly, so you can get it in time for afternoon drive."

Our goods are easily sold.

Standard Wagon Co.,

38 and 40 Walton St.

B. VIGNAUX,

FRENCH RESTAURATEUR.

Restaurant and Ladies' Cafe.

No. 16 Whitehall St. Atlanta, Ga.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Telephone 20

Regular Meals 35 Cents. With Wine 50 Cents.

THE NEW GEOLOGIST.

W. S. Yates, a North Carolinian, Gets the Geological Plum.

HE WAS APPOINTED YESTERDAY

Other News at the Capitol of Georgia—What Happens There from Day to Day.

W. S. Yates is the new state geologist. The governor appointed him yesterday, and he was wired to news immediately. He is a native of North Carolina, and he was wired to Atlanta without any delay and enter upon the duties of the office.

Professor Yates is a well-known scientist and his reputation as a geologist is all that could be asked to qualify him for the position to which the governor of Georgia has appointed him.

He is a native of North Carolina and is a comparatively young man. He has been out of college about ten years, and has devoted himself to the sciences ever since he left his university. He comes with the highest recommendations from the New Jersey college of sciences, and also from the Smithsonian institute, with which he has been connected for several years as a teacher of geological science.

He graduated in 1873, but has been a hard student of the sciences much of the time since then. In 1881 he was made assistant scientist in the department of minerals and economic geology in the United States national museum and a month afterwards was placed in charge of the mineral collection of the department. Since the death of the curator he has had immediate charge of the department, and his work has been such as has brought him in close study with all manner of minerals, ores, gems and semi-precious stones.

He is a thorough scientist and a practical geologist. The governor expects him to come to Atlanta very soon to enter upon the work of the department which has been so suddenly neglected lately. His appointment by the governor was confirmed by all the members of the board yesterday at a meeting held for that purpose. No action was taken by the board with reference to the election of his assistants, it being deemed advisable that this should not be done until the principal geologist arrives and is consulted in the matter. It will be the endeavor of the board to make things in the geological board move along more smoothly than heretofore and for this reason the chief geologist will be consulted as to the best men to place under him as his assistants.

The governor says he has been petitioned by the citizens of northeast Georgia to have the report of Mr. Whitley, the former assistant geologist, published, as it is the only work that bears upon the region in which they are interested. He says that he will leave it with the new geologist whether it ought to be published or not, there having been some sort of doubt in the mind of Dr. Spencer, the former geologist, whether it was proper information to be published.

That Lynching Don't Go.

Governor Northen yesterday issued an important order that bears directly upon the burning of the negro in southern Georgia not many days ago, and has a special tendency to show how the governor is down upon this thing of lynching.

It will be remembered that not many days ago Mr. Bob Burnett was shot and killed by an unknown person while he was asleep in his store. A posse was soon on track of the murderer and he was caught and tied to a tree and burned to death.

The governor was much mortified at the action of the mob and inquired into the particulars of the incident. He is satisfied that there was nothing to be done in the conduct and has issued the following order, which was yesterday recorded upon the books at the statehouse:

State of Georgia, Executive Department: Atlanta, Ga., April 25, 1893.—Whereas, Official information has been received at this department that on the 24th of April, in the county of Quitman, a murder was committed under circumstances of great atrocity by a band of lawless men upon the body of a negro man, name unknown.

It is ordered that the secretary of state record and issue a proclamation offering a reward of \$200 each for the arrest and delivery of said malefactors, with proof sufficient to convict, to the sheriff of Quitman county.

By the Governor. J. W. Warren, Secretary Executive Committee.

Mr. Furlow's Appointment.

The recent appointment of Mr. J. W. Furlow to West Point military academy was a high compliment to a very deserving young man. He is well connected, and is one of the brightest young men in Georgia. He is at present a student at the Technological school here in Atlanta and is regarded as one of the most promising young students at the school. He is the brother of Captain Charley Furlow, of the controller general's office at the capitol, and if he makes half the good soldier that Charley did when he ran away to go to war, the youngest soldier in the ranks, he will be doing well, indeed.

The Macon and Birmingham Case.

Yesterday the comptroller general assessed the Macon and Birmingham railroad for its taxes to the state. The road gave in its tax return property just half of what it last. This did not satisfy Captain Wright. He double it in the assessment.

Rich, red blood as naturally results from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla as personal cleanliness results from free use of soap and water. Now is the time to take Hood's and only Hood's.

They Saw the Light.

Editor Constitution: We were present and saw the difficulty between Mr. Stephen Ryan and Mr. McGeough. The accounts as given in The Constitution and Herald by their reporters were correct. We also read Mr. McGeough's card in last Sunday's Constitution which does not contain a word of truth. J. J. Fenell, P. L. Stallings, Hort Kiser, A. Buchanan, P. L. Moon, Jr., H. L. Strickland, W. M. Gray, P. Ray, Hogan Jackson, G. C. Perry, J. S. Dahlgren, A. C. Sherry, A. J. Pugesley, P. S. Dunlap, N. C. Carr, Jr.

QUICK TIME.

Atlanta to Chicago in 26 Hours in a Palatial

Style by the Western and Atlantic Railroad.

The Western and Atlantic railroad via Nashville not only has two trains daily from Atlanta to Chicago, but has perfected arrangements to sell sleeping car berths through from Atlanta to Chicago. The finest on earth vestibuled trains from Nashville to Chicago through without change and have elegant dining cars attached.

april 21-10t

To the Intelligent Smoker.

Owing to the increased demand for my clear Havana cigars I have decided to bring more cigar makers from Cuba, and have removed my factory to No. 5 Broad street, where I have better facilities. My long and intimate knowledge of the business in Havana, where I was connected for seventeen years with the largest cigar factory, enables me to know the best of tobacco as well as the knowledge of how to manufacture. I select the best leaf tobacco personally in the best districts of Cuba and bring it direct to the Atlanta custom house. Employing the most skilled workmen, thereby making a cigar equal to the best imported, with a cost of 50 per cent cheaper, owing to the difference in the tariff. I will be pleased to have all the smokers call at my factory to inspect the making of them and the material used.

A. L. CUESTA,

No. 5 North Broad St.

Telephone, 494.

Picture Frames.

Sam Walker, at 10 Marietta street, is selling picture frames at cut prices for the next few days. He has a large lot that he desires to close out at once.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla at all seasons. In the Spring, it removes that tired feeling, cleanses and vitalizes the circulation, and prepares one to successfully contend with the debilitating effects of the heated term. In the Summer, it quickens the appetite, regulates the liver, and makes the weak strong. In the Autumn, it tones up the nerves and protects the system from malarial influences. In the Winter, it enriches the blood, and invigorates every organ and tissue of the body.

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla is the best all-the-year-round medicine you can find. It expels the poison of Scrofula and Catarrh and the acid that causes Rheumatism. It makes food nourishing, work pleasant, sleep refreshing, and life enjoyable. It is the Superior Medicine. Miss A. L. Collins, Dighton, Mass., writes: "For five years, I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla each spring and fall and received wonderful benefit from it." George Gay, 70 Cross St., Centre Falls, R. I., says that for spring and summer complaints, he has found no other medicine equal to AYER'S.

SARSAPARILLA

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists Everywhere. Has cured others, will cure you

ITS COMPETITORS OUTDISTANCED.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH IN THE LEAD.

AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Anheuser-Busch Beer will hold the post of honor at the world's fair, it having been decreed so this week. The edict is by authority of the fair directors, and the same has been communicated to President Adolphus Busch of the Brewing Association through President Ernest Sadler of the Columbian Casino Restaurant at the world's fair grounds. Not only is this beer selected as against competition from Milwaukee, Toledo, St. Louis, New York, Chicago and elsewhere, but the endorsement of superior quality is supplemented by an agreement to pay \$2 per barrel more for the Anheuser-Busch beer than for the next highest priced beer competing.

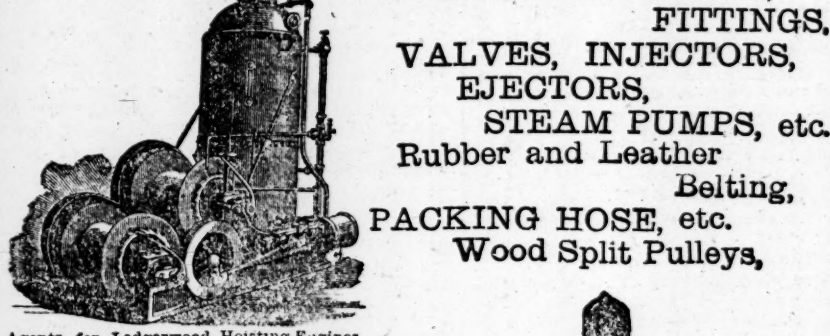
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The Brown & King Supply Company,

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HAVEN'T BOUGHT YOUR SPRING SUIT?

Maybe 'tis well you have not. You get the benefit of those new additions to our stock, just received, in nobby Cheviot Sack and Cutaway Suits. They are entirely new in patterns and cut to perfection. Don't fail to see them. Straw Hats! Immense stock!

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BICYCLE DEPARTMENT CORNER MARIETTA AND BROAD STREETS.

april 20-40t

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PREPARED FOR ANYTHING.

THE ELEMENTS HAVE BEEN STRANGELY BUSY IN FURNISHING IMPORTANT TOPICS FOR MID-APRIL NEWSPAPER READERS. CYCLONES AND CLOUDBURSTS HAVE MADE SPORT OF HUMAN LIFE

AND OF THE WORKS OF HUMAN HANDS DURING THE PAST FEW DAYS; AND THE STATE OF OHIO HAS BEEN TREATED TO A SHOCK

OF EARTHQUAKE. SUNDAY A TOTAL SOLAR ECLIPSE OCCURRED,